Cairo demands Israeli withdrawal

CAIRO (R) — Egypt's Foreign Minister Kamal Hassan Ali, in a message to Israeli Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir, has demanded that Israel withdraw its troops immediately from Lebanon, the official Middle East News Agency said. In the message, handed to Israeli Ambassador Moshe Sasson, Mr. Ali said Israeli action in Lebanon dealt a blow to peace efforts in the Middle East, the agency reported. The message replied to a letter Mr. Shamir sent to Mr. Ali earlier this month in which the Israeli minister said his country planned to pull out its troops from Lebanon.

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Egypt reports response to call for summit

ALEXANDRIA (R) - A limited number of Arab countries have replied to Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak's call for an Arab summit meeting to discuss Middle East developments, Foreign Minister Kamal Hassan Ali said Sunday. Speaking to reporters after a meeting of Egypt's national security council, Mr. Ali said: "We have received replies from some Arab states such as Jordan and Sudan. We are still waiting for other replies." He did not say whether the countries replying so far had agreed to a summit. President Mubarak called last Thursday for a meeting of Arab leaders to formulate joint action on the Lebanese conflict, the Iraq-Iran war and the Somali-Ethiopian

PLO official calls for U.S. recognition

BONN (R) - The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) representative in West Germany said Sunday that the United States would have to recognise the PLO if it wanted a successful Middle East policy. "If the U.S. wants to conduct clever policies-and not stupid policies like (former U.S. Secretary of State Alexander) Haig's-then it must recognise the PLO," Abdullah Frangi said in a radio interview. Mr. Frangi said the current conflict in the Lebanon would be followed by others if Arab countries failed to close ranks, "Today Lebanon, tomorrow another Arab country, if the Arabs cannot unite," be said. Mr. Frangi compared PLO activity in Lebanon to French resistance against Hitler. As long as the Palestinians' right to selfdetermination was ignored, he said, the PLO bas no choice "but to draw the world's attention to itself by the most primitive and simple means."

EEC to hear Genscher's report

BRUSSELS (R) — European Community foreign ministers meet Monday to assess the unpact on the Middle East of the Lebanese crisis and the war between Iran and lrag. The ministers, at their last meeting before the summer holiday, will hear a report from West German Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher on bis recent visits to Amman and Cairo.

Bomb explodes near Israeli exhibition

VENICE (R) - A bomb exploded in front of the Israeli pavilion at the Biennale Festival early Sunday causing light damage but no injuries, police said. The blast smashed the pavilion's door and damaged two paintings. The damage was not discovered until later as the sound of the explosion was probably covered by the noise of nearby fireworks, police said.

Swiss rail collision kills 6, injures 59

OTHMARISINGEN, Switzerland (R) - Six people were killed and 59 injured when a freight train tore into the side of an express travelling from West Germany to Italy near this Swiss village carry Sunday. Several carriagea of the Dortmund-Frankfurt-Rimini express were alit open by the northbound freight train, which ploughed into the express near a track switch 25 kilometres west of Zurich, local police said. The 544 passengers on the express, mostly West German tourists heading for the beaches of the Adriatic, were jolted from their sleep by the collision just after 3 a.m. (0200 GMT). Daylight brought a scene of devastation with six overturned carriages, torn and twisted metal and higgage everywhere in one of the worst accidents in Switzerland in recent years. Police said the cause was not known. They said the crash was first thought to have been a head-on collision, but rail officials now suspected a fault in the automatic track switching mechanism which sent the freight train into the middle of the

Hussein receives

Junblatt

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein received at the Royal Court on Sunday leader of the Lebanese National Movement Walid Junblatt.

During the meeting, they discussed the serious developments in Lebanon resulting from Israel's invasion of Lebanon and the siege of West Beirut.

King Hussein affirmed that the absence of "Arab solidarity and Arab disunity bave created the appropriate atmosphere for Israel to implement its expansionist



His Majesty King Hussein Sunday receives Lebanese leader Walid Junblatt (Petra photo)

designs and to storm Lebanese territories." The King also praised the courageous and firm stand of

the Lebanese and Palestinian people in the face of the Israeli

Sporadic clashes erupt in Beirut

BEIRUT (Agencies) — Sporadic ahelling broke out around West Beirut Sunday, hours after Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin said Palestinian forces in the city has less than 30 days to leave.

Efforts to end the conflict went on as U.S. envoy Philip Habib met Lebanese President Elias Sarkis and Prime Minister Shafiq Al

State-run Beirut Radio said Sunday's shooting was intermittent and confined to the southern suburbs where most of the 5,000 to 6,000 Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) fighters are concentrated.

A statement from the Palestinian news agency WAFA said it came from the Israeli side.

The area has been largely quiet since furious artillery battles last Sunday killed at least 60 people.

The PLO has offered no reaction to a speech by Mr. Begin in Tel Aviv Saturday night in which he told Israelis that the PLO. forces had less than 30 days to withdraw from Beirut.

It was the first time Israel had fixed a time limit for protracted talks aimed at securing a peaceful end to the siege of the Lebanese capital.

Israel has threatened to launch an all-out attack on Beirut.

The PLO has agreed in principle to leave, but the Americanled peace talks have foundered over disagreements over where, when and how they should go.

Throughout the month-long siege, Mr. Habib bas been the key link with Israel, while Mr. Wazzan has maintained constant contact

with the PLO. Government sources said they proposal that its fighters pull back temporarily to positions within Lebanon while final foreign destinations are arranged.

But hopes for a breakthrough in the talks are pinned on a meeting on Tuesday in Washington between President Reagan and the Syrian and Saudi Arabian foreign ministers, Abdul Halim Khaddam and Prince Saud Al Faisal.

Syrian Foreign Minister Abdul-Halim Khaddam said Sunday his country was prepared to accept leaders of the PLO but that Svria maintained its refusal to accept PLO fighters.

Mr. Khaddam was speaking to reporters at Amsterdam's Schiphol Airport where he made a stopover on his way to Washington for talks with President Reagan and Secretary of State George Shultz.

The Syrian minister recalled that most of the PLO leaders originally stayed in Damascus before they went to Beirut. If they asked. they would be allowed to return to the Syrian capital, he said.

Mr. Khaddam said moving the Palestinian forces to Syria was not in their own interest. The Palestinians realised the Syrian refusal to let them enter the country was for their own benefit, he said.

"Is it in their own interest that they be moved from one country to another?" the minister asked. adding it would be the fourth time the Palestinians were sent to another country.

Syria earlier set the negotiations back by refusing to take the PLO fighters into its territory as had been proposed in the negotiations.

The government sources here

were still considering a PLO said some negotiators were optimistic that Tuesday's meeting could produce some sort of political concessions for the PLO from the United States, which at pre-, sent does not recognise the organ-

In return, Arab countries might agree to take in the PLO fighters and so bring a peaceful solution to the critical Lebanese situation, the sources said.

Meanwhile, sources close to Prime Minister Wazzan said he would reject outright a proposal from Mr. Begin that Israel and Lebanon sign a peace treaty. Mr. Wazzan would not accept any peace plan that did not include the settling of the Palestinian question, they said.

The Israeli cabinet appeared to

be split over the next steps to be taken in its demand for a PLO withdrawal from the Beirut, government officials said. At Sunday's cabinet meeting many ministers accused the PLO.

as well as Syria and Saudi Arabia. of stalling in the negotiations being conducted by Mr. Habib. one official said. "Some ministers felt the cabinet

should take an immediate decision on new measures to force out the Palestinian terrorists from Beirut," he told reporters. "But a majority of the cabinet

agreed to wait until after President Reagan's meeting with the Syrian and Saudi foreign ministers in Washington on Tuesday," he said.

Israelis prepare to stay on: Sidon refugees return to camps,



In spite of the tight Israeli siege of Beirut, fuel is being smuggled into the Lebanese capital. A

Lebanese driver fills his car Sunday using a water bottle as funnel (A.P. wirephoto)

Washington refuses comment on Israeli reply on use of cluster bombs in Lebanon

WASHINGTON (R) - The White House said Saturday it had received a reply from Israel on the use of American-made artillerv cluster bombs against Palestinians in Lebanon.

But there was no word on whether the Israelis had admitted using the fragmentation weapons. Spokeswoman Kim Hoggard would not disclose the contents of the Israeli response, received on Friday.

The U.S. had inquired whether Israel had employed cluster bombs--which explode and send lethal shards of metal in all directions-in its war against the Palestinians in Lebanon.

Foreign countries are forbidden to use U.S.-supplied arms except for defensive purposes. Cluster bombs come under further restrictions, which have not been made public.

Another White House spokesman earlier denied a report in the New York Times that President Reagan was holding up shipments of additional cluster bombs to Israel pending a reply the Israeli government

"No such decision has been made by the president," he said. The New York Times said a Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) report found that Israel had used cluster bombs in populated

areas, with loss of civilian lives. Congressional sources have said that administration officials told Congress that Israel "might have" violated restrictions on arms sales. but it made no recommendation that further sales be suspended or

The report made no mention of cluster bombs, the sources said, even though Congress had asked for a report on their use.

One sources said the report, by not taking a stand on whether a violation occured, would force Congress to decide whether arms sales to Israel should end. at least temporarily.

Israel, a major purchaser of advanced U.S. weapons, has repeatedly argued that even though the arms are used outside its borders the purpose remains 'defensive."

Last year the Reagan administration held up shipments of F-16 fighters following the use of similar planes by Israel to bomb a nuclear power project in Iraq and Palestinian headquarters in

Heavy fighting continues in Gulf

BEIRUT (Agencies) — Iraq reported heavy fighting Sunday for the fifth day running as Iraqi troops battled to repel an Iranian invașion.

A statement by the Iraqi high command said fierce battles continued all Saturday night and Sunday near the southern Iragi city of Basra, apparent target of the Iranian offensive.

The statement did not make clear whether the fighting took place inside Iraq, but Saturday the high command said the Iranians had been lured into Iraqi territory as part of a plan to destroy them.

The Iraqi News Agency (INA) said a senior Iraqi commander told the Baghdad newspaper Al Thawra that the Iranians threw two armoured and two mechanised divisions into the latest assault, which began on Friday

nian invasion seemed aimed at winning control of the eastern bank of the Shatt Al Arab waterway and then encircling Basra. Basta is an industrial city of half

The commander, said the Ira-

a million people, and Irag's main southern oil fields lie to the west of the Shatt Al Arab.

The high command communique said a total of 3,479 lranians were killed and 26 tanks destroyed when Iraqi ground forces forced a retreat in the Basra region. Iraqi helicopters had knocked out another two Iranian tanks.

The high command has so far given no information about Iraqi casualties in the five days of battle. Meanwhile, Iran claimed further major war successes, indicating that last week's fighting

close to their common border was still going on. A military communique said that in the latest operation inside lrag, Iranian troops had destroyed two Iraqi brigades and one bat-

talion, killing or wnunding more than 850 tragis. Tehran Radio, monitored in London, quoted the communique as saying Iranian forces had knocked out 116 Iraqi tanks and armoured troop carriers. Western military experts con-

that the speaker of the Iranian partiament, Hoja totestam Hashemi

> Gulf states against supplying arms The radio broadcast the speaker's address to Sunday's session of the Majlis (parliament) in which he reiterated that Iran had no territorial ambitions against

this continuation of the 22-

curate, but say they give some

indication of the intensity of the

Iranian fighters and helicopters

had raided targets inside Iraq.

inflicting heavy damage and casualties, the communique said.

The communique did not say

Tehran Radio also reported

when or where the latest oper-

ation took place.

other countries. But he added: "If the truckloads of arms continue to go to lraq, then Iran will have the right

to an appropriate response." Referring to Western concern over the continuing war, Hojatoleslam Rafsanjani said current operations were no more than

aider the casualty and equipment loss figures issued by both sides in "The nature of our efforts is still defensive, just as in the past," he month-old Gulf war to be inac-

Concern in U.S.

In Washington, a cutoff of oil from Iran and Iraq would have no great impact on supplies in the United States, Senator Henry

Jackson said Sunday. Mr. Jackson, a Democrat and a member of the Armed Services Committee, said the real threat was that tran would advance beyond traq and halt oil shipments

Rafsanjani, had warned unnamed from other Gulf states. 'That would stop our economic recovery dead in its tracks," he

said on a television programme. Mr. Jackson said the renewed fighting between Iran and Iraq had already pushed up the spot

price of oil by at least \$1 a barrel. But he said the real danger lay in the possibility Iran might move into Kuwait and down through the Gulf, sabotaging the region's oil-

The United States, its European allies and Japan had to be able to move against the hard blow a Gulf oil cutoff would deal to Western a continuation of previous economies he said.

Non-aligned nations urge U.S. pressure on Israel

NICOSIA (Agencies) - Nonaligned nations called on the United States Sunday to press for unconditional withdrawal of Israeli troops from Lebanon.

They demanded that the United Nations Security Council establish a U.N. peace-keeping force in Lebanon immediately under U.N. control. A communique issued after a

three-day ministerial meeting of the 97-member Non-Aligned Movement criticised the United States for its aid to Israel.

It blamed U.S. support for Israel's "expansionist policy," a reference to Israel's invasion of

Lebanon on June 6. The meeting was called by Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader Yasser Arafat, who is entrenched in Beirut with about

6,000 Palestinian fighters. The meeting set up a ninestrong committee to help solve the Lebanese situation, and called for comprehensive and mandatory

sanctions against Israel. tt also decided to ask that the U.N. General Assembly reconvene a special session by the end of August to consider the Palestinian problem.

The communique condemned the "U.S. misuse of veto" of the June 26 U.N. Security Council resolution calling for a ceasefire in Lebanon. It expressed deep concern over

the security council failure to carry out last month's resolution demanding an Israeli pull-out from Lebanon. The nine-strong committee is

led by Cuba, current chairman of the Non-Aligned Movement, and includes foreign ministers of India, Yugoslavia, Cyprus, Sri Lanka, Senegal, Nicaragua, Guyana and Benin.

Soaring heat threatens Italy

ROME (R) — Unusually high temperatures and low rainfall in Italy this year have caused damage so far costing 1,800 billion lire (\$1.3 billion) to crops and lifestock, according to government figures quoted in Italian newspapers Sunday.

The figures were released by Agriculture Minister Giusseppe Bartolomei on Friday. Since the beginning of the

summer, fire has damaged thousands of hectares of land in southern Italy and Sicily. On Sardinia, agricultural officials said almost 70 per cent of the grape crop had been lost. The heat and drought have

killed 20,000 chickens in Calabria and farmers fear an outbreak of lung infection among their ani-A water shortage is threatening

land irrigated by the river Po in northern Italy, while exhausted fire fighters are battling to contain woodland blazes.

Israeli ammunition dump blows up forces in Lebanon.

TIBERIAS, Israel (R) — An Israeli army ammunition dump blew up with a deafening roar Sunday, creating panic in parts of north Israel and setting off explosions that thundered across Galilee for three hours.

Local hospitals were put on emergency footing but police said hat no one appeared to have been killed and only a few people injured.

Pillars of smoke and flame shot righ into the sky as rockets and bombs exploded around the dump near the Golani road junction, 15 kilometres west of this ancient

town by the Sea of Galilee. For weeks Israeli convoys have een heading into the dump with a

Israeli officers had warned that

was underway.

In Tiberias, some residents fled into underground shelters fearing rocket attack by the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)

some of the ammunition was in

dangerous condition or booby-

The explosions shattered some windows and shell fragments fell

on Tiberias. Police blocked off all roads leading to the Golani junction and state radio told Israelis to keep clear, saying the whole area was

unsafe. vast arsenal of ammunition said to was followed by more throughout told repeatedly to beware of have captured from Palestinian the afternoon. As they continued, booby-traps.

police and local residents feared a major disaster.

The Poria hospital in Tiberias was put on alert but few cases were admitted. Three lightly injured women were the first casualties along with a small number of people suffering from shock.

The Golani camp bas been one of the main depots for the "war booty" Israel said It has hauled out of PLO dumps in South Lebanon.

The Israelis say the size of the dumps-one basement in Sidon contained thousands of Kalashnikov rifles-has exceeded all intelligence estimates.

Soldiers ferrying the "war booty" back to

Only last week, Israeli Defence

Minister Ariel Sharon said Jordan

could become a state for the Pales-

tinians, an idea which Jordan has

Jordan ridicules Begin's proposal

By Dina Matar Reuter

AMMAN — Jordan Sunday ridiculed a call by Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin for peace talks with Amman and the setting up of a confederation bet-

ween the two countries. "This is ridiculous," Information Minister Adnan Abu Odeh said. "It is just an Israeli manoeuvre to divert attention from its plans to liquidate the

Palestinian people.' Mr. Abu Odeh reiterated Jor-dan's rejection of such proposals, as long as Israel refuses the Palestinians their right to their homeland... and continues to

occupy Arab territory." Mr. Begin told a rally Saturday that Israel would like to hold

peace talks with His Majesty King homeland for the Palestinians. Hussein and to form what he called a free confederation between the occupied West Bank and

federation with Jordan has been aired before by several Israeli offi-Political sources in Amman

believe Mr. Begin's statements are fresh attempt to bring Jordan into the Camp David process. But Jordan has repeatedly said it will never be drawn into peace talks with Israel. The sources said Jordan would

The idea of forming a conrejected outright. Mr. Begin's statement, the first since the June 6 Israeli invasion of Lebanon in which he gave Palestinian forces in Beirut a time limit to get out, came after recent thaws.

Jordanian-Egyptian relations. Jordan, along with other Arab countries, ostracised Egypt and cut off diplomatic relations with it after it signed a treaty with Israel

never allow itself to be swallowed under the Camp David accord. by a superior military and political But after the Israeli withdrawal power and suggested Mr. Begin's from Sinai, Jordan was one of sev-statement could be part of an eral Arab states which welcomed Israeli plan to annex Jordan and the return of Egypt to the Arab eventually offer it as a substitute fold.

Somalia says Ethiopian attacks repulsed

NAIROBI (R) — Ethiopian forces have launched new attacks into Somalia and have been repulsed, the Somali Information Ministry said in Mogadishu Sun-

The ministry said in a statement that one attack Saturday was at Burdinle, in the Hiran region, in which Somali troops killed 15 Ethiopian troops, wounded many others and seized weapons and

equipment. Another attack took place early Sunday at Galdogob, on the Somali-Ethiopian border, according to the Somali news agency Sonna. It said that the attacking forces, using Soviet tanks and artillery, were repulsed.

The Somali Democratic Salvation Front (SDSF), which says its forces have launched the recent attacks in a bid to overthrow Somali President Mohammad Siad Barre, made no immediate comment on the Somali ministry

Shultz confers with Israeli, Egyptian ambassadors in U.S.

WASHINGTON (R)—Secretary of State George Shultz met the Egyptian and Israeli ambassadors seventies, along with other advisers from the State Department and the National Security Council. Sunday and a series of key Middle East experts, including former Secretary of State Henry Kissinger, to review U.S. policy towards the region.

State Department officials said Mr. Shultz had talks with Israeli Ambassador Moshe Arens and Egyptian Ambassador Ashraf Ghorbal in separate meetings.

In a third session he met Dr. Kissinger, who charted U.S. Middle East policy in the mid-

and the National Security Council. Discussions included the Israeli invasion of Lebanon and the

Iraqi-Iranian war, the officials The meetings were the first major substantive discussion of foreign policy that Mr. Shultz has had since he took office on Fri-

day, succeeding Alexander Haig. who resigned in a dispute with the Reagan administration over the course of U.S. policy.

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VIDDIE EXEKSI

Grasping the nettle: Israel, where to?

By Michael Adams -

The following is the text of a speech delivered by the writer, who is editor-in-chief of Middle East International, to a Council for the Advancement of Arab-British Understanding (CAABU) meeting at the House of Commons on June 23, 1982.

in the aftermath of an earlier round in the Arab-Israeli conflict. that I received a phone call summoning me to a meeting here in the House of Commons. And it was out of that meeting in June 1967 that CAABU was born.

Since then, as some of you know only too well. I have often spoken at meetings like this one about the shortcomings of the press in its coverage of Middle East affairs. And so it is some son of comfort this evening, in the midst of so much that is deeply depressing, to be able to start by paying tribute to two or three honest and forthright voices that have been raised in the press during the dreadful events of the last fortnight in the Lebanon.

I should not like to think that I had missed the opportunity to say publicly how excellent have been both the leading articles and the reporting in The Times. I am not a great admirer of the colourful school of reporting represented by Robert Fisk, the Middle East correspondent of The Times: but in the dispatches he has sent from Beirut and Sidon, which have often been harrowing to read, Fisk has not merely shown the courage and persistence of a first class reporter in difficult and dangerous circumstances. Together with the mdefatigable Christopher Walker in Jerusalem, he has also documented facts and events which the Israelis have tried to hide or distort and about which we might otherwise have remained илаware.

The Guardian too, although its reporting of the war and the carnage has been less vivid and comprehensive than that of The Times, has carried a series of leading articles which were admirable for their courage and their willinguess to call a spade a spade. For instance on June 17th The Guardian condemned Israel's invasion of Lebanon as a "crime" and an "international horror." It asked how the "stranglehold of Israel's leaders on American policy-making" could be broken. anyone to argue that Israel needed "protection against Arab terforists when the state of Israel itself sets an example of terrorism on a nationwide scale."

As I knew to my cost, it was not permissible in the quite recent past to speak about Israel in these terms in The Guardian or anvwhere else in the British press. And the change has come about only partly because Israel's actions in Lebanon this month have been so evidently cruel and unjustifiable. Those who have lived at close quarters with this Arab-Israeli problem, as many of us here have done, know that the Israelis were guilty of similar barbarities in 1967-for instance in the extensive use of napalm and in the way they stripped the boots from the Egyptian soldiers and then drove them, in midsummer, out into the Sinai desert to die. Indeed, cruelty of this kind has characterised the Zionist enterprise from the outset. It runs like a scarlet thread through the whole story of its development, from Deir Yassin and the King David Hotel in the 1940's, through Qibya and Kafr Kassem in the 1950's, to the steadily escalating violence and repression throughout the occupied territories all

li was 15 years ago this month. through the 1970's and the murderous air raids oo the Lebanon--culminating in this onslaught by land, sea and air which has left much of that unhappy country looking, as a correspondent of The Daily Telegraph reported last week. like the

end of the world. Synonym for death In fact all along its borders and as far afield as Baghdad and the outskirts of Cairo, Israel has become synonym to the Arabs for death and devastation. Iraq's nuclear installation: the Egyptian cities of the Suez Canal; Kuneitra on the Syrian Golan plateau; Jordanian villages on the Easr Bank of the Jordan River: they have all felt at one time or another the weight of Israel's baleful presence. Underlying it always is the savage spirit of the Old Testament, but brought up to date and computerised and armed with the F-16 and the cluster bomb.

changes, but the overall intention of Zionism remains the same. That is why my heart sank when I read, at the start of Israel's invasion of the Lebanon, that the Israeli ambassador in Washington had said--and he was echoed in last Monday's Panorama programme on BBC television, and later that same evening by Mr. Begin himself on Newsnight--that Israel "does not cover one single square inch of Lebanese soil." For remembered very well how on the first day of the June war, the then Prime Minister of Israel, Levi Eshkol, had said that Israel had no intention of annexing "even one foot of Arab territory." Today, 15 years later, Israel has annexed Arab Jerusalem and the Golan Heights and it has expropriated so much of the West Bank that its annexation one of these days will be little more than the confirmation of an already existing state of affairs. And so it will be. no doubt, with the Lebanon. The tide of destruction which has taken the heart out of all the once flourishing Arab cities along the coast of Palestine, from Gaza in the south through Ashkelon and Jaffa and Acre, has now spread northwards through Tyre and Sidon and Damour and has enveloped thuch of Beirut itself. And he would be a bold man who would prophesy when and how that tide would be turned back.

But the destruction of Arab towns and villages--almost 400 villages in Palestine alone and who knows how many now in the Lebanon-is not what matters most, although it represents a sad loss culturally and historically. What matters more, and what raises a terrible question mark over the whole Zionist enterprise, is what Israel has done and is doing to the Arab peoples around its borders, and especially to the Palestinian people, whom the Israelis set out more than half a century ago to dispossess. And here the invasion of the Lebanon this month throws a lurid and sinister light on Israel's methods

as well as its uoderlying intection. The casualty figures from the Lebanon cannot yet be precisely determined, partly because the destruction is on such a terrible scale and partly because the Israelis are doing their best to pre-

estimates published by the Lebanese government and the lnternational Red Cross put the dead at about 10-15,000: the injured at

about twice that number: and the homeless at more than half a million. All this, by the way, in an attack which was made Jas everyone now agrees) on a transparently specious pretext. the attempt on the life of the Israeli ambassador in London, but which (as the British foreign secretary roundly declared on television) had clearly been planned in meticulous detail for months before the attempt took place. Nor did the Israelis altogether succeed in persuading the world--although the BBC appeared to accept the story without examining the evidence-that the invasion was in response to what they called persistent bombardments by the PLO of Israeli settlements in Northern Galilee. For in two successive leading articles on the 10th and 14th June The Times stated the vital truth that the PLO had observed the ceasefife on Israel's northern border from the day it was agreed in July No. the story of what is hapof 1981 until the day when Israel pening in the Lebanon is not a new one. The immediate context launched its bombers against Beirut in an unprovoked air attack on May 9th in which 12 people were killed. Until the Israelis broke it, the ceasefire had endured for 10 months and during that time no Israeli in the northern settlements had been injured, let

vent any independent witnesses.

including especially the officials

and relief workers of the United

Nations and its agencies from

going to see for themselves the

extenr of the carnage. Preliminary

alone killed, at the hands of the PLO. You may feel that I am devoting a disproportionate amount of time to these details in the light of the terrible events of the last 18 days in the Lebanon. But it is important to establish the facts, and it is not always easy--especially when powerful agencies are at work trying to manipulate and misrepresent them. You may have seen a half page advertisement in The Times and The Guardian on June 21 paid for by the Zionist Federation of Great Britain. which repeated the lie about the invasion being aimed at "liberating Israel's civilian population from continuous acts of terror and aggression", and went on to state. with what in other circumstances macabre sense of humour, that in the whole operation "the Israel defence forces took maximum precautions to ensure that the civilian population would not be harmed." I doubt whether the Zionist federation, before putting its name to this rubbish, asked the citizens of Tyre and Sidon--those of them who are still alive--that they thought of those precautions and of the humanity and restraint with which the Israelis had destroyed their cities.

Price of Zionism I said that a terrible question mark hung over the whole Zionist enterprise, all the more so in the light of what has just happened in the Lebanon. I ought to explain more clearly what I mean. Briefly.

What was wrong about Zionism from the start-political Zionism. that is-was that the plans of the Zionist pioneers could only be achieved at the expense of the Palestinian Arabs. It is important to be clear about this and, however obvious it may seem to us who are familiar with the history of this question, it is still not obvious, or not universally accepted as the fact, by public opinion at large in the West. That is why it has proved so difficult to persuade

people of the inherently immoral character of Zionism: and the difficulty has been compounded by the dreadful history of 20th century anti-Semitism and the wave of sympathy which it naturally and properly aroused for the survivors of Nazi persecution. This helped to disguise the fact that, however badly Hitler treated the Jews. some Jews (and I emphasise the qualification, some Jews. in embracing Zionism, took the first fatal step along the same road trodden by the Nazis. For if Zionism is carried to its logical conclusion-the conclusion at which men like Gen. Sharon. Israel's defence minister and the principal author of the present shameful episode in the Lebanon. are plainly aiming-it requires the elimination by one means or another of the principal obstacle to the achievement of the Zionist goal. And that obstacle is the existence of the Palestinian people. Somehow or other-and this idea is present in the earliest thoughts and writings of the Zionists, from Theodor Herzl himself onwards-the Palestinians have to

be got out of the way. Logical consequences How to get rid of the Palestinians has always been the preoccupation of the Zionists: the real Zionists, that is, who were not afraid to face up to the logical consequences of their belief, however... shall we say distasteful?... those consequences might be. For there were not many ways in which the Palestinians, all of them. as an organised and settled community numbering at the beginning of this story some six or seven hundred thousand, could be cleared out of the path of the Zionist caravan. They could be bought out, bribed; and the early Zionists tried this. They could be squeezed out, by economic pressures and boycotts: and the early Zionists tried this too. They could be intimidated, physically threatened: and the more resolute and unscrupulous Zionists realised very early on that sooner or later they would have to use force to attain their ends. This was the policy adopted by the terrorist organisations in the 1940's. by men like Menachem Begin and his foreign minister today, Yitshak Shamir, once head of the extreme terrorist Stern Gang, which was responsible for the murders among others of Britain's chief minister in the Middle East. Lord Moyne, in 1944 and of the U.N. mediator Count Bernadotte in Jerusalem in 1948. The same attitude was behind the expulsion of the bulk of the Palestinian population from the newly constituted Jewish state in 1948; and it was the cornerstone of the policy of massive reprisals along Israel's

Israeli army which carried out the most brutal of these reprisal raids on innocent border villages. So there you have the triumvirate who now dominate the political scene in Israel: Begin, Shamir, Sharon-all three of them men who more than 30 years ago had established for themselves reputations as bloodthirsty extremists. David Ben Gurion. Israel's first prime minister and no soft-hearted pacifist, found Menachem Begin's outlook and personality so offensive that he could not bring himself to pronounce the man's name, let alone speak to him. Shamir, after that apprenticeship as a terrorist and a shadowy career on the fringes of Israel's intelligence services. emerged as a natural colleague for Mr. Begin when even Moshe

borders in the 1950s--when Ariel

Sharon makes his first appearance

in this story as the commander of

the notorious Unit 101 of the

extremist policies. As for Sharon. who has more blood on his hands even than any of his colleagues, it was Davan himself-and none would call him a "wet"--whn found it necessary to discipline Sharon for the brutality with which he suppressed the resisrance movement in Gaza ten years ago. What would you expect from a government in which the principal parts are played by three men such as these?

Not only the PLO Here I come to the point to what I have to say and I am sorry if it has taken me a long time to reach it. but I believe it is important to establish the groundwork of my argument clearly. In the Lebanon since June 5. I do not believe that the Israeli forces have merely been trying to eliminate the PLO as a military organisation. Nobody in his senses believes that the PLO has at any time presented a serious military threat to the existence and the survival of the Jewish state. How could it, with a few thousand guerrillas and no air force at all. How could it conceivably be a match for the strongest and best equipped army in the Middle East backed by what is generally thought to be the most powerful air force in the world after those of the two super-

powers? Of course the Israelis would like to put the PLO out of business: but I do not believe that this was the primary objective of the massive operation which has not yet been concluded in Lebanon. The scale of the operation and the number of casualties which the Israelis were prepared to take were so disproportionate to such an objective that there would be no logic in paying such a price for so small a prize, What then was the ultimate objective for which the Israelis were prepared to sacrifice so much blood-their own included--and to risk such a tremendous capital of international sympathy and support? Let me give you the answer provided a few days ago by a leading Zionist. the man, I suppose, with the best claim to be called the leading Zionist in the world, the former President of the World Zionist Federation, Dr. Nahum Goldman. In the course of an interview published in The Guardian last Friday (June 18, 1982), Dr. Goldman told the paper's Paris correspondent that he thought the Israeli action "out of all proportion to the threat faced on the northern border." And he went on to say, in what was obviously a carefully considered judgement: "the apparent aim is to liquidate the Palestinian people-which you cannot do to four million people."

Now, you can believe Nahum Goldman or not, but you can hardly disregard the judgement of a man who knows more than anyone in this country and perhaps in the whole world about the origins and the history of the Zionist movement, about Israel's predicament and the methods used by successive Israeli governments to deal with it. Dr. Goldman has known them all, from David Ben Gurion and Moshe Sharett to Golda Meir and Moshe Davan and on through the decline of the Labour Party under Peres and Rabin, until you reach that critical point in the story five years ago when the Israelis put their trust in Menachem Begin. Long before there was a state of Israel and throughout the 34 years of the state's existence. Dr. Goldman has been active and involved in Israel's affairs.. I don't know whether he regrets his own part in the shaping of Israel's destiny. I do

made no secret of his deepening concern over the direction that destiny has taken. But I have never heard from him or from any other spokesman. Jew or Gentile. who could speak with authority about Israeli attitudes and policies, so chilling a verdict as this one that he pronounced last week on the Israeli invasion of Leba-

The apparent aim is to liquidare the Palestinian people." For a Jew and a friend of Israel that must have been a dreadful thought to frame and to put into words for The Guardian correspondent. who as it happens was also a Jew. to pass on to a non-Jewish audience. But I believe it was a true verdict and that the Israeli intention in the Lebanon was not to minimise the enemy casualties but on the contrary to make them as heavy as possible, as part of a conscious and deliberate policy to liquidate the Palestinian people. The fact that so many of those killed and wounded and the majority of those made homeless were Lebanese and not Palestinians is neither here nor there. The aim. I believe, was to intimidate, to terrorise: to persuade Palestinians and Lebanese alike and the whole of the Arab World. that so terrible is the vengeance of Israel that anything is better than to stand in the way of it. How else can one explain the fact that the casualties on the two sides were in the ratio of approximately 50 Arabs to one Israeli or that one person in three of the population of the southern half of the Leba-

or made homeless.

non was either killed or wounded

Scale of the crime The Israeli authorities dispute these figures and it is not possible as yet to be precise about the scale of the crime. But a crime it is and even if the figures prove in the end to be only half as great as those that have been put forward by the Red Cross and the Lebanese government they will be on a scale that justifies the use of the word "massacre". If anyone doubts that, he need only consider for a moment what would have been the world's reaction if attacks of this magnitude had been launched by an Arab government against Israel--or indeed by any government anywhere in the world against its neighbours.

And that raises two questions which deserve attention, here and eisewhere in this tree society of ours in the West. The first has already been nosed with courage and clarity in a letter to The Times from Mrs. Marion Woolfson published on June 16. Mrs. Woolfson reminded us that many Germans had claimed after World War II that they had not known what the Nazis were doing to the Jews, and said that British Jews would not be able to make this excuse if they were asked about what has been happening in the Lebanon or about the killing of young Palestinian demonstrators by Israeli soldiers and settlers in the West Bank. And she asked: "is there not even one prominent Jew in Britain who has the compassion. wisdom and courage to state publicly that he. or she, condemns all terrorism, whether perpetrated by

states or individuals? So far the response has been minimal: an echoing letter-and all credit to him--from Mr. Benedicr Birnberg next day and a couple of similar letters in The Guardian. But the Jewish community as a whole, with its leaders in every walk of British life, and still more the large and enormously influential Jewish community in America -- a community twice the size of the Jewish popuknow that in recent years he has lation of Israel-seem unable to let

any consideration interfere with their loyalty to Israel, right or

The second question is one for

us all and we owe it to ourselves and to others--more than ever in the present mood of selfcongratulation over the outcome of our own little war in the South Atlantic--to give it an honest answer. Do we believe that the right of self-determination is a matter of principle, as our own government claimed so insistently over the Falkland Islands? If so, how can we justify our failure to do everything in our power to ensure that the Palestinians should enjoy it along with the rest of us? The Palestinian right to self-determination is in every way clearer and more unanswerable than that of the Falkland Islanders and it is very much more widely acknowledged in the rest of the world. Yet on behalf of the islanders we sent a task force of more than 100 ships and spent 250 lives and £2.000 million, whereas on behalf of the Palestininns, for whose tragedy we are partly responsible, we have done...precisely nothing.

What is to be done?

Nobody is suggesting that Britain should send a task force to the eastern Mediterranean to enforce and implement the right of the Palestimians to self-determination and independent statehood. But nor does anyone any longer seriously dispute that the Palestinians are entitled to that right or that the restoration of peace and a semblance of justice in the Middle East will not be possible until they get it. So what are we to do?

I would suggest that it is only when there is a change of heart and so of political direction inside Israel that a workable settlement will become possible. That means. first and foremost, getting rid of Messrs. Begin. Shamir and Sharon, together with those who support their approach to the Arabs. And that is something that only the Israelis themselves can do.

although the rest of us can at least help rather than hinder them in pursuing this goal. What we should be trying to do and urging our government to do is to encourage the moderate, reasonable and compassionate minority in Israel--and I am afraid there is extremists who now control the country. And here there really is something to work on, in the sense that this war in the Lebanon, this massacre, to call it by its proper

name, has provoked inside Israel a reaction that has never been seen there before. For the first time while a war was actually going on Israelis have protested publicly academics and intellectuals there is a current of opinion which is sensitive to the criticisms from who are raising their voices are becoming aware of something that outside for a long time: the fact Begin and Shamir is taking a very tinian people.

Our own government and in have adopted an unusually firm tinians survive and are able to attitude over the Israeli invasion

not dissipated, as has happened before: that the government's recent pronouncements about Palestinian self-determination and Israeli aggression are not watered down in the way the Venice Declaration was gradually watered down and almost abandoned in response to American pressure. There has been talk no economic sanctions against Israel. and this ought to be translated into fact, Israel is unusually vulnerable to sanctions and even if the United States will always come to its rescue, there is something to be said for making the Americans pay an even beavier price for supporting Israel, right ur waying. And we should be doing everything we can to persuade the American government, press and people, of the harm they are doing by con-

tinuing to support Israel.

Stop the repression
I want to conclude by quaring tu you a few sentences which appeared recently in the Jerusalem Post, the English language daily paper published in Israel. Addressed in a bold headline To Our Palestinian Brothers, they represent part of a message from the Israeli Council for Israeli-Palestinian Peace, the body inside Israel which has always advocated recognition of the rights of the Palestinians and the principle of coexistence between Israelis and Palestinians inside Palestine.

Published more than a month ago, the message refers to earlier violence practised by the Israeli government against the Palestinians, this time in the occupied territories. But it applies equally to the present situation and it expresses the spirit I referred to which is alive in Israel and which we ought to encourage, instead of damping it down by our cowardly connivance in the misdeeds of the Begin government.

'In the name of Israel", says the message from this leading organ-. isation in the Israeli Peace movement, "acts of brutal repression are perpetrated. Their aim is to break the will of the Palestinian people to self-determination and national independence.

"We shall do everything in our power to stop the repression, and to bring to the attention of the vast majority of decent and wellmeaning Israelis what is being down in their name.

"We call upon you, even during these harsh days, not to lose faith no doubt that it is still a in Israeli-Palestinian coexistence, minority--and discourage the not to let the torch of peace and brotherhood be extinguished. Long after the evil deeds and their perpetrators will be forgotten, the states of Palestine and Israel will live side by side in peace and friendship.

For the moment I am afraid we can only regard that as a very optimistic forecast: hut it is what we ought to be working for with all our might. In this endeavour, the about what was being done in their Jews in Israel who prepared that name. In the press and among message and who are genuinely prepared to respect the rights of the Arabs of Palestine and to coexist with them--they are our natural abroad and responsive to the allies. We must help them and moral and humanitarian argu- strengthen them, in the hope that ments raised by the terrible one day they can prevail over the bloodshed in the Lebanon. Those . chauvinists in Israel, the men like Begin and Sharon whose ambition it is, not just to dominate and dishas been plain to Israel's critics possess the Palestinians but to break their spirit altogether and, that a society which places its in Nahum Goldman's suggestive future in the hands of men like phrase, "to liquidate the Pales-

It is our job to frustrate such villainy and to work with individuals and through governments particular the foreign secretary everywhere to see that the Palesrecover the rights of which they of Lebanon. What we have to do leave been so unjustly deprived.

David Hirst reports from the Palestinian positions on the men who want to carry on the fight against-Israel to the bitter end

It is easier to flatten Beirut than the PLO

"JUST think of it as 600 feet," said Yousef. "It sounds safer than 200 yards." That is the distance, more or less, that separates frontline Israeli and Palestinian positions at Tahwita on Beirut's

international airport. Yousef is one of thousands of volunteers, who have come in from the Palestinian diaspora -from Europe and America, as well as the Middle East. Most are in the Beqaa Valley. Yousef is from Phoenix, Arisona. He had been there three years - and acquired a wife, child, U.S. passport, and a comfortable job as a flight instructor at a private airport.

He received milhary training from Fateh before he left. He felt he had to return for what seemed to him to be Palestine's greatest hour of need. He telephones his wife every day. She was more worried than he was.

this part of the front. He liked what he saw, Morale was so obviously high. lt was Abu Iyad, Arafar's No. 2,

who assigned Yousef to take us. He wanted us to discover for ourselves what he had been telling us the night before: it was the men. rather than the leaders, who were determined to fight to the eod. Abu lyad did not disguise his own unhappiness at the thought of eventual withdrawal from Beirut. I speak to my family evey day in Kuwait My youngest daughter tells me I must never raise the white flag. And personally I am not going to leave.

Only the leadership, he explained, bad so far agreed in principle to leave - and, "as you know, I am not a member of the

PLO executive committee." Tahwita is two miles south of

Yousef was on his first visit to the PLO headquarters. You get here through the refugee camp of Bourj Al- Brajneh, and adjoining Shi'ite suburbs. Like much of Beirut's outlying slum land, it is a bewildering labyrinth -- half urban, half rural - to anyone but the people who actually live there. It would be a death trap for Israeli infantry unless Israeli artillery and aircraft had flattened it first. It is under regular bombardment. But it is far from flatteoed yet. The big apartmeot blocks, an integral part of the 35-year-old camp, give way to smaller, less deosely-packed structures, and eventually to flimsy, primitive, one-storey squatters' homes on the fringes of the airport runway.

The guerrillas drive up to the front in Mercedes, Datsuns, and Volkswagens. The last 100 yards on foot, take you through a patchwork of hedgerows, bac-

kyards, vegetable patches and hen runs. A Shi'ite family still clings to itshome, terribly vulnerable, if yet invisible behind the trees, to the Israelis. We express amazement at what seems suicidal folly. The Palestinians call it admirable "steadfastness," and one of them nuts a Kalashnikov on to a woman's hands while the man of the household makes a rousing but somewhat phoney pro-Palestinian speech. A PLO photographer records the sceoe. A chained alsatian barks uncootrollably -almost commotion enough to alert the evermy. Someooe doesn't like my white shirt. Too conspicuous here. He lends me his black jacket. He removes his gas mask first.

'They are scared." he explains, "and ready to use gas or anything.

Unlike in the city proper, the Palestinians have built no artificial

defences here. Lush vegetation provides the cover rhey need. The front stabilised ten days ago. Sniper trajectories are well established. One side of the tree under which we shelter is exposed, the other safe. From there we can glimpse the deserted runway. A green disused Boeing of Trans Mediterranean Airways stands unscathed by a hangar. One has seeo it a hundred times before, landing or taking off. But this is the first time one really notices it.

It was ten days ago. says Abu Khaled the local commander, that the Israelis attempted their last advance at Tahwita. According to him, they lost 10 armoured vehicles, including tanks. Somebody else takes up the tale. He has a trace of an Egyptian accent. 'Yes," he says upon inquiry, "I am a Copt from Alexandria. 1 have been with the Palestinians

fortnight ago. He points to two scars in his leg, the bullet's entry and exit point. He was back in action for the Palestinians' first offensive operation of the campaign. "It is we who are attacking now." he said,"four nights ago we penetrated through four Israeli positions, attacking from behind. We lost one man. We destroyed two tanks and a bulidozer. You can see them now." He jovited us to peer through the aperture in a cactus grove. We could make out a red bulldozer pulling what looked like a tank or armoured car.

The pictures the guerrillas convey is that of a great military machine hamstrung by fear of high casualties, and reliance on high technology. "We don't want to sound arrogant," said Abu teaching the Israelis now. It is we slaughter civilians but achieve no

who have mobility; they who sit in their tanks with electronicallycontrolled machine guns. They have become cowards, really. And they lie about their casualties."

Heavy artillery is passing overhead. It is crashing somewhere in the urban jungle we have passed through. It is another illustration of Abu Khaled's point. It causes him very little concern. "They have no idea where we are. If they hit us, it is by accideot. We have lost two or three men from artillery round here since they

It is becoming clear that, unless the Israelis decide to storm the city soon, they are going to fall into the same futile tactics which the Syrians used against both Palestinians and Christians before them -- stationary wars of attrition. Khaled, "but it is we who are endless artillery duels, which

military objective. Sooner or later, perhaps, the besieged Palestinians

might run out of ammunition. Abu Khaled and his men have no illusions, like anybody clse. about Israel's ability to defeat them by destroying Beirut, But, for them, their resistance has already sent shock waves through Israeli society. They are ardent radio listeners, Voice of Palestine first, Israel Radio, and then the rest. "What does it mean when Begin criticises Sharon, when one hundred thousand people demonstrate against the war in Tel-Aviv? They are besieging Beirut milhary, but we are besieging Jerusalem politically.

We put the delicate question. Will you withdraw if Arafat says so. There seems to be a rehearsed reply to that one. "Only to Pales-

هكذا من النصل

Randa Habib's

Children are even more intelligent than we tend to believe. More often (wrongly) classified as "little men" children are individuals who have their own logic.

it is this topic that some ladies and myself were discussing the other day. One of the ladies present, a teacher in kindergarten explained to as that lots of patience and psychology were needed to look after

these "little men" (One day, she said, a child was constantly crying asking for his mother. As this was affecting the whole atmosphere in the kindergarten class. The teacher, fed up, told him: "At home you have your mother but here in school I am your mother." Then, addres-sing the whole class, she asked: "Who is your mother here?" The children in one voice answered "Ydu"

A few minutes later the same sobbing boy was screaming "I want Daddy".

But this is not all.

By A.B. Kassay Special to the Jordan Time

AMMAN -- When one thinks of a

place with which to compare Jor-

dan, the state of Utah in the U.S. is

not a place that immediately

springs to mind, although it should. Both consist largely of

desert, with a large salt water lake (the Dead Sea and Salt Lake);

both lakes have a fresh water river flowing into them; both rivers are

called the River Jordan; both

places have a Mount Nebo; and if

this is not enough, Wadi Rum in the south of Jordan is highly simi-

lar to the south of Utah and the

same minerals and ores can be

So feeling pretty much at home

as far as the geography is con-cerned, a group of Utah educators

started their research on various

dan on June 11 for a six-week

intensive study programme end-ing today, Monday, includes lec-

turers from elementary, sec-ondary and higher education

levels with a media specialist, a

representative from Dixie Col-

lege, a consultant from the State

Education Agency, and educators

from administrative ranks, all in

all giving a representative cross-

section of educators in the state,

The visit, which is sponsored by the University of Utah's Middle

East Centre, the Graduate School

of Education, the Utah State

Office of Education, and Dixie

College, has had the purpose of

preparing studies on Jordanian art

and how it reflects the culture,

Islamic influence on the life of the

young, the geography of Jordan, children of Jordan (their dress,

holidays and responsibilities),

Jordanian women in leadership,

social relationships, educational

organisations, the nature and

characteristics of Jordanian peo-

ple, and education for the hand-

These studies were done in the

hope of "developing cadre

teachers who can communicate to

their students the truth about

Arabs and the Arab way of life;

and to correct the misconceptions

and stereotypes that prevail in

America about Arabs," explained

project director Harry Bluhm,

associate professor of educational

psychology at the University of

Urah. Team members agreed that

accurate information about the

Middle Eastern way of life is

scarce, consequently contributing

to the promotion of the dis-

agreeable Arab stereotypes in the

capped. .

The team, which arrived in Jor-

aspects of Jordanian life.

found in both places.

This teacher who teaches a primary clasas well, asked them one day to outline what they want to dn when they grow up. One hour later, the children gave in their papers; she presented a boat for the boy who wanted in be a sailor or a captain, an aeroplane for the future pilot and a syringe for the doctor etc...Only one child handed back a blank copy.

The teacher then asked: "Why, kid, don't you know what you want to do later?" "No, Miss, I know," answered the kid. "But I don't know how to draw it" "And what is it you want to do?" The

"I want to get married," the pupil answered. Undoubtedly children are smarter than we think...

Utah educators aim to develop

more accurate image of Arabs

Anne Butler, a teacher in the

Elementary Laboratory School at

Utah State University, "because

They do not help Americans

understand their culture and

of economics at Dixie College,

was impressed by the level of

urbanisation which Jordan has

achieved. Having come here

expecting a 19th century set-up,

he saw "very few earnels and tents

but many Mercedes and modern

skyscrapers with only 20 per cent

of the population or even less

wearing the traditional Arab

dress." But through his study of social relationship (family, mar-riage, extended family, sex mores,

courtship, divorce...etc) he could

see that parts of the rural set-up

lingers, mainly manifested by the

segregation between men and

women in education for instance,

and the big role which the family plays in forming the decision to marry and select respective

partners. "It is difficult to accept

the segregation of the sexes, being

used to a co-ed system," says Pro-

fessor Evans. "But when all is said

and done the divorce rate in Jor-

dan remains considerably lower

Dr. Geraldine Clark, rep-

resentative of the Utah State

Board of Education who is cou-

ducting a joint study with Prof.

Bluhm on the education of the

handicapped, stated that Jordan is

than in the West".

Arza Evans, associate professor

mode of living."

The 15-member team of Utah educators during their study visit to

"Arabs who go to the West do one of the most advanced counnot help correct this image," says tries in the Third World as far as

they either cluster together and the world's most turbulent reg-keep to themselves of else they are ions. "There is, of course, a lot

so widely dispersed that they lose more that can be done, and a lot touch with their Arab identity, more money is needed for it to be

there."

care for the handicapped is con-

cerned, especially with its limited

resources and location in one of

done, but the main factor is that

the intention and the care is

During its stay here, the team

was hosted by the National Orthodox School, who organised

for them meetings with Ministry of

Education officials, orientation

lectures, as well as siteseeing tours

of Jordan. Dr. and Mrs. Halteh

respectively headmaster and

teacher of the National Orthodox

School, said that this is not the first

visit of its kind. In 1980 a team led

by Dr. Faust, professor of Middle

East Studies at the University of Utah, spent six weeks in Jordan on

a similar mission, and there is

hope to make it an annual visit.

They added that the team's

response to what they saw in and

learned about Jordan is very posi-

tive, and we hope that through

these exchanges we can promote a

better understanding and more

accurate image of Arabs in the

stating that Americans are a

fair-minded people who would

make a rational assessment of a

situation if the correct information

is made available to them. "This

matters a lot in a country like

American where popular opinion

has an influence on government

policies," she told the Jordan

Dr. Clark emphasised this by

CORRECTION

The Jordan Times apologises for a typing error which appeared in the article: Jordan's first weekly magazine may well be a platform for positive change (Jordan Times, Saturday July 17, 1982), 4th column. The correct sentence should be: Both Mr. Tell and Mr. Masarwah also feel that investment for the sake of profitability alone should not be the main moving force behind economic planning and development in Jordan. The sentence was printed without the word not.

Ministry to take part in course

AMMAN (Petra) - The Agriculture Ministry will participate in a training course on laboratories in Britain on July 29.

Head of the soil laboratory section at the agricultural research and guidance directorate Samir Al Salti will represent the ministry in the four-week course.

Government suspends public transport director

By Riyad Ahmad Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — The Council of Ministers has decided to suspend Public Transport Corporation Director Ibrahim Mahadin, and to refer him to a government dis-

ciplinary council. Mr. Mahadin had been reinstated in his post on June 16, 1982 after Jordan's Court of Cessation had rescinded a government decision to dismiss Mr. Mahadin. The government decision was due to in fractions of governmental regulations related to debating government interdepartmental sion.

issues in public.

The case started when Mr. Mahadin criticised a government decision to increase the Public Transport Corporation's fleet of buses to a number exceeding what he described as its capacity limits.

On July 12, 1982 the Council of Ministries decided to refer Mr. Mahadin to a government disciplinary council consisting of different members for the second

Mr. Mahadin, who is awaiting the final decision by the disciplinary council expected the government to stick to this deci-

Awqaf minister announces instructions for pilgrimage

AMMAN (Petra) — Minister of Awqaf and Islamic Affairs Kamel Al Sharif announced the 1402 l tijra pilgrimage instructions in a press conference on Sunday. Mr. Sharif said that the ministry drew Arabia. up these instruction stemming from its duty to serve the Muslim pilgrims, to organise transportation and to define the duties of the pilgrims and the duties of the people responsible for pilgrims transport.

He added that the instructions include information about what the pilgrim's transportation costs for different means of transportation, and the instructions of the Saudi ministry of Awgaf to pilgrims. He added that pilgrims and people entrusted with transportation should submit complete applications to the ministry before

Bank and Gaza citizens while those who will come from the Palestinian territories occupied in 1948 will be flown to Saudi

instructions will apply to West



He explained that the same Awqaf Minister Kamel Al Sharif

Red Crescent president back from Geneva meeting

AMMAN (Petra) — National Crescent President Ahmad Abu Qourah returned to Amman on Sunday after participating in the meetings of the International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC), the permanent com-mittee of the ICRC, and the League of the Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies held in Geneva last Wednesday to discuss relief operations to Lebanon.

Dr. Abn Qourah said participants discussed the general tion of giving aid to Lebanese and ICRC discussed during the meeting the activities of the ICRC and and Palestinian victims. He said

that he had asked the ICRC to Society of the Jordanian Red continue its aid, including medicine and relief materials, to the victims in Lebanon.

Dr. Abu Qourah said that participants also discussed the question of the Palestinian and Lebanese prisoners, who should be regarded as war prisoners according to the Geneva agreements. despite the refusal by the Zionist occupation authorities to consider them so.

Dr. Abu Qourah added that the ICRC is continuing its demands to situation in Leban and the ques- apply international law and to regard Palestinian fighters as war Palestinian victims in Lebanon. prisoners. He explained that the He added that the president of the participants discussed the points of weakness in the provisions of international law on these topics its humanitarian role in relief so that they could be discussed in operations and helping Lebanese the next Red Cross and Red Cres-

Industrial injuries rise in 1981 cost of each case of work injury is private sectors.

By Omar Abandeh

AMMAN — Work injuries in 1981 have substantially increased in an unprecedented manner. Figures disclosed by the Labour Ministry have indicated that work injuries in 1981 totalled 6,215 cases compared to 3,689 cases in 1980, an increase of 2526 cases or 68.5 per cent.

A Labour Ministry responsible source said this increase took place despite the fact that the ratio of workers in enterprises and companies increased by only 13.7 per cent. The number of workers totalled 93,541 in 1980 and rose to 106,354 in 1981.

A quick look at the phenomenon of work injuries in the last four years shows that they have been constantly increasing. There were 3.073 cases of work injury in 1977, 3,238 cases in 1978, 3,349 cases in 1979, and 3,689 cases in 1980. The source said the direct some JD 56 while the indirect cost is about JD 507.

The source attributed the increase in the injuries to the application of the social security law on the enterprises, which requires these enterprises to supply the Social Security Corporation (SSC) with lists of each work injury, because the SSC is responsible for treating the injured worker while earlier, there was no control on the enterprises because the employers used to

cover the treatment expenses. The source also attributed the increase in the work injuries to the increasing number of the various industrial enterprises, the increase of the number of workers, particularly non-Jordanians, the shortage in the legislation of public safety and vocational health, and the shortage of the technical cadres specialised in matters related to vocational safety and health in the public and

The source said the cause of the injuries is the lack of order and cleanliness in the places of work where the incidents took place, failure to place raw materials or processed materials in special places especially designated for them, lack of workers' training on the sound and healthy methods of the use of manual instruments. and the use of spoiled and unfit manual instruments.

The source added that the injuries are also a result of the lack of awareness of injury preventive measures by the workers, failure to prepare them for becoming responsible for their safety and health against work injury, and failure to make them participate in drawing up plans for vocational safety and health in the enterprises they are working at by forming committees for vocational safety and health in the enterprises and appointing a safety superviser for each committee.

Lailat Al Qadr marked Saturday night

states the Koran.

AMMAN (J.T.) Lailat Al Qadr (night of determination), which usually falls in the last ten days of the fasting month, Ramadan, is a very special night to Muslims. It is a night when Muslims stay awake worshipping God, and reading the Koran. According to Muslim theologians Lialat Al Qadr is observed on the night of Ramadan

Jordanians affirm solidarity with Iraq on **National Day**

AMMAN (Petra) - On the anniversary of Iraq's national day, a delegation of the Jordanian popular committee for the support of the Iraqi people headed by Dr. Rif at Odeh visited the Iraqi embassy in Amman on Sunday and met with Iraqi Ambassador lbrahim Shuja' Sultan. The deleg-ation affirmed the "solidarity of the Jordanian people with the Iraqi people and leadership in the battle they are waging against the Iranian aggression."

The committee also sent a cable to Iraqi President Saddam Hussein on this anniversary saying that "the Iraqi Arab people are scoring the most glorious victories and offering the most precious sacrifices to protect the sacred homeland and to repulse the invaders, whose aggression coincided with that of their Zionist allies 'against the Lebanese and Palestinian people in Lebanon and who are plotting with Zionism and certain Arabs working against the Arab Nation".

A Jordanian Imam told the Jordan Times that worshipping God

during Ramadan particularly on

this night is much better than

engaging in continuous worship

The cost of the tenders, one of n these residential areas.

The significance of this night is The angels, who are pure and that the first verses of the Koran sexless beings created by God (Muslim holy book), were before he made the word, are inspired to Mohammad (prophet employed as God's messenge according to the Muslim faith. of Islam) on Lailar Al Qadr through Gabriel the herald angel. Therefore, on this night they Muslims believe. "Behold we sent it down on Lailat Al Qadr"

descend upon God's command to witness religious people's worship and to intercede for them before God, "who shall reward the faithful." At the Garden of Eden where they shall dwell Lailar Al Qadr, God says: "Peace it is, till the rising of dawn" the Imam con-

Local firms win contracts to pave roads in Aqaba

AQABA (Petra) - The committee for the organisation of the city of Aqaba signed three agreements with a number of local firms to open and pave streets in the third and fifth residential areas and in limited income areas. It also granted a tender for the building of two commercial markets in the limited income and first residential areas.

the biggest projects undertaken by the committee in the city of Aqaba, is some JD 3 million, and some 5890 kilometres of streets will be opened and paved

The committee's chief engineer.

Muzahem Al Muhaisen, who signed the agreement on behalf of the committee, said the committee will begin implementation of the projects on Aug. 18, and work on the projects will continue for a year. He added that these residential areas consist of 12,500 residential units, including 5,500 units in the fifth residential area. 3.000 units in the third residential area, and 4,000 units in the limited income area.

Mr. Muhaisen said services as electricity, water and sewerage will be implemented by the other concerned sides after completing projects.

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Idris opens police force mosque

AMMAN (Petra) — Public Security Director Lt.-Gen. Mohammad Idris opened on Sunday the Public Security Department Mosque. Awan and Islamic Affairs Ministry Under-Secretary Abdul Salam Al 'Abbadi and the Armed Forces Mufti Nooh Al Quedah spoke in the opening ceremony emphasising the role of mosques in preparing faithful Muslim generations knowing their rights and duties. Lt. Gen. Idris handed over awards to the winners in a religious contest

Labour office seeks economic statistics

AMMAN (Petra) - The Arab labour office has asked the Labour Ministry to supply it with information and statistics on the record figures of the cost of living. the family budget, and regulations related to the bases of determining the cost of living allowance as well as the regulations governing the fixing of the price of the local currency for foreign currencies in Jordan.

Tawjihi results announced today

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of Education Sa'id Al Tal is due to hold a press conference on Monday. July 19, to announce the results of the second secondary general certificate (Tawjihi) for the year 1982.

2 times via Larnaca (wednesday, saturday)

from Frankfurt, immediate and quick cannections are available to

luithansa, Intercentinental Hotel.

Lufthansa

For just one port?

SO, Mr. Begin wants to form a confederation with Jordan? How interesting. He says that in return he would provide Jordan with a free port on the Mediterranean. On that specific mercantile point, we say that we don't need a port on the Mediterranean, seeing as how Agaba port is doing fine, so we can throw out the idea of forming a confederation in return for a free port. Mr. Begin will have to do better than that. Maybe he can offer us an airport and a highway, along with a port? How about a hotel? Or a seaside resort?

Mr. Begin, sadly, is serious in his proposal, and he seriously expects Jordan to sell its principles and dignity and self-respect and commitment to the Palestinian people's rights, in return for a port. Our reply is: Thanks, but no thanks.

If Mr. Begin wants to make peaceful overtures to Jordan, he should remember that the path to friendship with Jordan passes through the route of honourably resolving the

Palestinian issue. If Mr. Begin wants confederation with us, let him first withdraw from the occupied territories and allow the people of Palestine to determine for themselves their political future, in freedom and in dignity. Let the Palestinians have a state of their own, and then, perhaps, Israel, Palestine and Jordan can all form a tripartite confederation. Why not? Everything is possible when people of good will deal with each other on equal terms. But Mr. Begin is dreaming if he thinks Jordan will make unilateral peace with Israel when Israel is conducting a genocidal war against the Palestinians and occupies large chunks of Lebanese and Syrian ter-

Mr. Begin might sell his soul for a port on the Mediterranean. Jordan will not. It is a sad try, indeed, that Mr. Begin has made this week, while he takes a moment off from his killing in Lebanon.

regime sided with the Arabs against the Zionist

enemy has also been exposed when the Iranian

regime attacked Iraq at the same time when the

JORDAN'S ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Iranian allegations confuted by the continued aggression

The recent Iranian attack on Iraq has exposed the last lies and has dropped the last masks which the Iranian rulers have been using for the last two years to hide their rancour towards the Arab Nation and their strong alliance with the enemies of this Nation. The nature and the timing of the attack has exposed the reality of the Iranian regime and bas uncovered the regimes which allege to be Arab while attacking from the Iranian trenches against the Arabs.

If some people have justified the Iranian allegation that the Iranians were defending their lands during the long months of the war, the Iranian invasion of the Iraqi territories has exposed the falsehood of the Iranian allegation and has proved that the Iranian regime wants to impose its hegemony on the states of the region. There is no doubt that the states which collaborated with the Iranian regime and supported it sbared the aims and goals of the Iranians.

The other Iranian allegation that the Iranian

Al Dustour: Reagan's request to send Palestinians into new exile

News reports say that U.S. President Reagan has sent messages to a number of Arab countries asking them to participate in solving the Lebanese crisis, by finding a new shelter for the Palestinians that Israel insists on their leaving Lebanon, and threatens to use all it has of U.S.-made planes,. rockets, cluster bombs and nerve gas in order to finish up the massacre of which the bloodthirsty murderer of Deir Yassin, the killer of international envoy Count Bernadotte and the Zionist

minister of war are dreaming.

What is being asked is really very strange. The Israeli forces are invading a United Nations member state, the Israeli forces are besieging the capital city of this United Nations member state, but the U.S. president does not object to the invasion nor does he object to the siege The U.S. President joins with the forces that besiege Beirut and asks the Palestinians to leave Beirut and

Palestinian fighters have been able to attract international interest and move the international community to give priority to the Palestinian question. The rulers of Tehran wanted to deprive the Palestinian people of a precious political chance by diverting the attention of the world towards another region of tension. The Iranians are paying the bill of the massive Israeli military support they received by saving Israel from the suffocating political quick sand it fell into by invading Lebanon. We cannot blame or accuse a regime like the

Iranian regime because we knew of its plans of expansion and the reality of its intentions from the very beginning. But we must denounce and con-demn the Arab regimes that are still standing in

Lebanon as a whole. The U.S. president is asking for the dispersal of the people who were evicted from Palestine and took refuge in Lebanon. He wants them evacuated once again instead of pressing Israel to permit them to return to their homeland. President Reagan is asking the Arab countries to respond to his and to Israel's desire and disperse the Palestinians once again by sending

Mr. President, Lebanon is a member in the Arab League. And despite the fact that your envoy has violated the sanctity of Lebanon by hosting Israeli war minister and the Israeli foreign ministry's director general now and then, the solid fact is that Lebanon is at a state of war with Israel. It is the first time in history when an invading army disperses a people and then, some 30 years later. it hunts these people again to drive them out of their exile to a newer one.

them to a new exile.

DE FACTONOMICS

Israel's wishful thinking makes peace more remote

EVERY NATION has its own hopes, expectations and dreams. They vary from achieving economic prosperity to internal stability, social cohesion, military strength. regional influence and the attainment of what is believed to be a national right.

The Arab Nation has its own overall hopes and objectives of political unity, economic progress and freedom. The defence of its own lands in what is geographically known as the Arab World against domination and Israeli occupation seems to take priority over the previous objectives. However, there are dogmatie people, whose influence has declined, who believe that the achievement of the last goal depends and requires the attainment of Arab unity. progress and freedom.

In the light of the Zionist success in its occupation of Palestine and other Arab areas and its increasing technological and other domination in the region, most of our hopes have been frustrated and transformed into wishful thinking. For an Arab citizen, while Israel occupies more and more of Arab lands and dominates more Arab people, we are struggling to get United

Nations resolutions passed. While Israel develops its institutional framework, politically and economically, on permanent grounds, the Arab countries continue tu experiment with varying degrees of success. While the Israeli society can be mobilised cohesively to attack, we are caught in the midst of international polarisation, social instability and sub-regional conflicts.

These developments have created over time plenty of illusions on both the Arab and tsracti sides. Among the Arabs, a sense of defeat and frustration is crawling into their spirits. On the other hand. the Israelis are becoming over-confident and too aggressive. The end result is a state of affairs where a fair peaceful settlement would be remote unless changes in attitudes and mentality occur. Since the Arabs have been so far only reacting to Israeli deeds, the stability of our region depends to a greater extent on Israeli behaviour and policies.

The Israeli brutal invasion of Lebanon demonstrates to what extent the Israeli Zionists have become overconfident and, accordingly, the Israelis

too have now their wishful thinking and illusions. They have to be told even by their best friends to think positivety and act within their means. The reference to Israel as the spoited ehild or the monster has more truth now in the light of Israeli invasion of Lebanon.

First, it is my belief that tsrael's main objective of invading Lebanon is not to safeguard peace for the Galilee but to abort any positive effort towards a political settlement in favour of the Palestinian people. Afterall, the 1981 ceasefire with the PLO was fully observed by the latter despite Israeli provocations. What the tsraeli government was concerned about was the possibility that the American administration and Egypt would press for a settlement of the Palestinian question as a continuation of the Camp David accords.

Israel was extremely concerned by this possibility since it would have meant an Ameriean pronunciation of what full autonomy means for the Palestinians as a transitory phase towards a Palestinian state in the West Bank and Gaza. It would have also raised other

questions related to the future of Jerusalem, the possible dis-mantling of Israeli settlements. and the remm of Palestinians living abroad.

Israeli invasion of Lebanon used the present of safeguarding its northern setilements to abort such attempt. The Begin government would not accept to consider the future of Palestinians. Tu a Zionist, this would represent n reversal process and n countdown to the mobilisation and brainwashing that is always needed to guarantee the viability of Israel. Invading Lebanon has therefore become a means towards crushing the PLO as an institution and to divert attention from dealing with the Palestinian question.

second example relates to the Israeli management of its own resources. Regional domination requires much more human, financial and other resources than Israel can possess. Even with the financial and other support provided by the world Jewish community and the United States, Israel has to think hard of the excessive cost of domination. Occu-

This is not the only example

of Israeli wishful thinking. A

pation of Lebanon and the widespread killing of its inhabitants will not be a cure to Israeli complex problems. It is the other way round, Israeli problems of galloping inflation, unemployment, substantial foreign debts, restricted consumption and even instability will worsen.

A third example of Israeli wishful thinking relates to one of its stated aims of invading Lebonon, namely, to help establish a strong central government. For those who know the Lebanese political struc-ture, this Israeli objective is seriously questioned in terms. of both its sincerity and attainability. Why should Israel have this mnocent goal. which the Lehanese factions. are facing serious problems to achieve? Is it meant in he another present to impose one faction in Lebanon on the others? Would Israel intervene and devastate Lebanon again and again if a strong govcriment failed?

Now more than any other time, the Israelis have to brought to reality and helped get rid of their wild dreams. This opportunity should be seized and handled to the benefit of the whole region.

Vietnamese hopes for socialist country are mere illusions

By Michael Fathers

HO CHI MINH CITY - There is a sense of disillusionment among many intellectuals in southern Vietnam who had welcomed the Communist takeover in 1975 as the beginning of a new dawn for their war-weary country.

"We had an idealistic view of a socialist society and it's not to be found in the regime we have now." Ngo Cong Duc, former editor of Vietnam's only privately owned newspaper, Tin Xang, told Reuters.

"People will criticise me for saying this. We wanted liberal changes. We wanted to create an enlightened socialist country. What we have now is not that." The most outspoken critic is

former deputy health minister Duong Quyen Hoa, who in 1977 became the only Communist minister in Vietnam to leave office

minister in the Viet Cong's provisional government (PRG), Mrs. Hoa said that a stifling bureauc-racy, lost opportunities for using peoples' talents and official corruption had produced a feeling of

Just indifference

mertia throughout the south.

She said in an interview: "There is no opposition nor resistance to the regime. There is just indifference, and the euphoria at liberation has been dissipated."

Mrs. Hoa is director of the children's hospital number two. Saigon's former gralle hospital for seriously ill children. She said she resigned her portfolio so her talents could be better used for the benefit of her country. "When I was a deputy minister I even had to get a chir from the minister before I could visit a hospital. No one will take responsibility. People just pass paper and nothing home in Ho Chi Minh City, for-

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develop," she said in reference to Viemam's bureaucracy.

"The things about the bureaucracy here is that it's a chain and many people are living off it. If it's cut back, as some party leaders want, the effect would touch all levels of Vietnamese society. Corrupt civil servants are difficult to punish in both the north and the south, Its like a Mafia. If you try to punish the offenders you risk touching the hierarchy," Mrs. Hoa

Mr. Duc. 46, a former deputy in South Vietnam's national assembly under the American-backed government of President Nguyen

Van Thieu, fled the country in 1971 to escape charges of associating with the Viet Cong. He was sentenced to three years in jail in his absence for leaving South Viemam illegally and his property was confiscated. He lived in Sweden and France and returned to his without the approval of the party.

A southerner and former-health gets done, so the country does not merly Saigon, in 1975 after North

Viemamese-led troops defeated the Thieu army and captured the

Known as a member of the 'third force" -- nationalists who were not Communists and who wanted an end to the war and the American presence in Vietnam -he was permitted to buy the newspaper Tm Xang and run it independently of the government. It was later turned into a cooperative. The newspaper was closed by the Hanoi authorities in June last year, bringing to an end the only independent public platform in Vietnam, Mr. Duc now manages a lacquer factory.

Self-censorship insufficient

"Tin Xang espoused socialism. We accepted the leadership of the Communist Party. We were an independent voice although we imposed our own selfcensorship," he said.

We published several articles about the economy and urged that professional people, such as doctors, be allowed to operate privately in addition to their government work. This is now happening to some extent," Mr. Duc

"We wanted the authorities to give encouragement to people from the old regime so that their talents could be utilised. Many people do not know how to operate under socialism. Those people from the former regime have much to contribute and they must be allowed time to change. It is a principle of this socialist government that the private sector must not be allowed to develop. We criticised the party's bureaucracy and we were strongly criticised in turn. Our circulation was about 120,000, which compared

with the 40,000 circulation of Ho Chi Minh City's official govemment newspaper, Saigon-Giai Phong.

The newspaper was circulated from Cau Mau, at the southernmost tip of Victnam, to Danang, the port near the former demilitarised zone which divided North and South Vietnam. The interview with Mr. Due took place in the presence of an official from the Viemamese foreign ministry, Mr. Due refused to discuss politics in detail. He said that after 15 year as a politician he considered his best contribution to the reconstruction of Vietnam to be in the economic

Two voices not possible

Mr. Duc said he and his journalistic staff decided to close Tin Xang in accordance with the principles of the press in socialist comtries. "We felt it was time to close because we knew many people in Hanoi were concerned that we deviated from this principle that the press in socialist countries belongs to the Communist Party." he said.

Mrs. Ngo Ba Thanh, a former prominent figure in the so-called third force, an opposition lawyer during the Thicu period, and now a deputy to the Victnamese national assembly, said it was unrealistic to imagine an independent publication could continue indefinitely.

"I was asked if I would contribute to Tin Xang but I would not. Mr. Duc was required to sign an agreement with the authorius that an appropriate time the newspaper would be clused down," she told Reuters. "It is not possible to have two voices in Vietnam today.

TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION

MAIN CHANNEL J4:50 15:25Fayruz Ramadan Island Local Programme Sayings 15:30 17:40 18:05 Small Statio Religious Programme Religious Programme Religious Programme 18:35 18:50 19:00 19:40 News in Arabic 20:39 21:35 The Holy Kalaba Local Programme 22:10 23:10 News in Arabic

FOREIGN CHANNEL
18:00 _____ French Programme t9:00 . News in French News in Hebrew Comedy: Terry & June

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM & partly on 9560 KHz, SW

07:10	Morning Show
10:00	News Summar
10:05	Morning Show
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BBC WORLD SERVICE

639, 720, 1413 KHz

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VOICE OF AMERICA

05:00 Daybreak 06:00 The Areakfast Show 17:00 News Roundup; Reports, Actualities, News Summary 17:30 VOA Magazine Show: Americana, Science, Listeners letters 18:00 Special English News 18:10 Special English Science and Technology Report 18:15 Feature: This is America 18:20 Music USA: Standards

WHAT'S GOING ON

CULTURAL CENTRES

Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Inter-continental Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at teL 41520 -. 36147-8 ... 37009 44203 24049 39777 65195 67181 41793

64251

Amman Municipal Library 36111 University of Jordan Library ... 84355

CHURCHES

Folkiore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760.

Jordan Archaeological Museum: Hes an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Cinadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Ashrafieh, 71751.

Amman International Church (Inter-denominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 63249.

Jordan. Jabal Al Qafa (Clindel Hill).
Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m.
(Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m.
4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays.
Jordan National Gallery: Cootains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries at collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m.
6.30 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 30128.
Military Museum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 64240.
Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169.

every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Horel, 1,30 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn. 1:30 p.m. Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2,00 p.m. Rayal Automobile Club. Jabal Amman, Eighth Circle. Tel. 815261.

SERVICE CLUBS

MUSEUMS

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, tel. 24590. Church of the Assonciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, 37440. De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, 66428. Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, 23541. Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman, 43453. Armenian Catbolic Church Ashrafieh, 71331. an Orthodox Church Ashrafieh St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox)

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FOR THE TRAVELLER

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09:15	Abu Dhabi (RJ)
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	Doha, Bahrain (RJ)
	Kuwaii (SR)
11:10	Cairo (EA)
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	Tripoli (LA)
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24:00	Cairo (RJ)

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SHARON

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Belgian franc	76.1
Dutch guilder 130.9/	131.7
Egyptian guinea 349.6/	354
French franc 51.7/	52
Iraqi dinar 564.3/	574.3
Italian lire (for 100) 25.7/	25.9
Japanese yen (for 100) 140/	140.8
Kuwaiti dinar 1231/	1241
Lebanese lira 68.6/	70
Omani riyal 1020/	1027
Qatari riyal	97.6
Saudi riyal	103.5
Swedish crown 58.1/	58.4
Swiss franc 170.2/	171.2
Syrian lira 60.3/	6t.5
UAE dirham96.2/	96.9
U.K. sterling pound 617.7/	620.4
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MARKET PRICES

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Apple (American) 500 / 450	Lemon
Apple (Double Red) 280 / 200	Niellow
Apple (Golden) 280 / 200	Marrow (large)
Apple (Local)	Marrow (small)
Apple (Starken)	Meion
Apticot (Local)	Okra
Banana 260 / 200	Onion (dry)
Banana (Mukammar) 225 / 180	Onion (green)
Beans 360 / 300	Parsley
Beans (string) 370 / 300	Peaches
Broad Beans 170 / 140	Pears (American)
Cabbage 120 / 100	Pears (Lebanese)
Carrot 120 / 100	Plums
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ggplant (small) 200 / 140	Red Cherries
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Violet, 'Attila the Nun', campaigns for Rhode Island's attorney general

By Bruce de Silva

PROVIDENCE, Rhode Island -Arlene Violet, a Roman Catholic Sister of Mercy whose friends call her "Attilla the Nun," is campaigning to become Rhode Island's attorney general with enough problems to try the patience of a saint.

Her candidacy in this threequarters Roman Catholic state is in diffiance of the bishop of Providence, who forbade her to run.

She has no campaign treasury. She is a Republican in an overwhelmingly democratic state, and the democratic incumbent is a member of one of the state's most successful political families.

Yet political analysts give the 38-year-old nun and lawyer a good chance of victory.

Her campaign rhetoric, spoken rapid-fire in a nasal voice, sums up her appeal: "The last thing you need in that job is a professional

Several other nuns hold elective

office around the nation, with Sister Elizabeth Moranchy, for example, sitting in the Rhode Island state legislature.

If Sister Violet were elected she would hold the highest office in the United States of any member of a Roman Catholic Order since Father Robert Drinan resigned his Massaehusetts congressional seat in 1980 on orders from Pope John

Bishop Louis Gelineau of Providence has declared that the nun's candidacy violates church

Canon 139, the same one applied in Father Drinan's case.

The canon forbids priests from engaging in activities "alien or foreign to the clerical state." It is extended to nuns by another church law, Canon 592.

Sister Violet disagrees with Bishop Gelineau's interpretation of church law and is supported by the leaders of her Order. She insists that "the nun issue is a non-issue" and has turned her attention to her political oppo-

Dennis Roberts 11, a two-term attorney general with .ambitions for the governorship, is the son of a former Rhode Island governor and nephew of a former state Supreme Court chief justice.

Sister Violet, who was a lawyer battled for the rights of the retarded, disabled and poor, says Mr. Roberts "serves his political party first."

She has accused Mr. Roberts of calling off an investigation of corruption in a State Department, tipping off the Democratic Party

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RESTAUR ART

leaders, using his office to harass political foes, failing to enforce a statute aimed at curbing the state's neighbourhood where she once serious car theft problem and gen- organised activities for the elderly erally ignoring the duties of his

Mr. Roberts denies all wrongdoing and says he will run on his record. "The people appreciate the work I've done", he said.

Sister Violet said his record is "deplorable" and that it is frightening to think he is going to

She announced her candidacy last month in front of a small who is backed by the state's strong Democratic machine. house in Oakland Beach, a poor However, she insists she will remain politically independent.

ehildren from an inner-city hous-

ing project and a group of the poor

She is running as a Republican,

she said, because it is the best way

for her to unseat the incumbent

and diabled.

and ran a breakfast programme for poor children. The audience was a busload of

"We call her Attila the Nun," James Healey, executive director of the Rhode Island association for retarded citizens, explained the day of the announcement.

"She's tough, persistent, even the Attila the Nun had his weaknesses, but I've never found a weak spot in Sister Violet."

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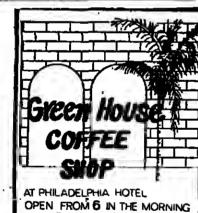
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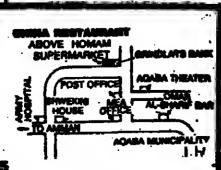
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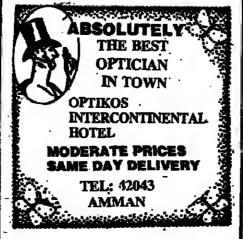






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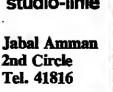




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Britain's Moorcroft close

to shattering world record

'Rebels, go home', Sowetans tell international soccer team

SOWETO. South Africa (R) -Several hundred blacks chanting rebels go home met the international soccer team which arrived in this black satellite city outside Johannesburg Sunday for the second match of a controversial two-week tour of South Africa.

But the visitors received a good-natured if lukewarm reception from about 3,000 spectators in Soweto's usually-packed stadium who watched them beat the undistinguished Durban team Amazıılıı.

The visitors scored their first goal in their two matches so far in

Amazulu was hurriedly brought

Swedish Grand Prix tennis tournament.

6-2. 6-4 in the second semifinal.

6-0, 3-6, 6-2, 6-1.

Gstaad, Switzerland.

FORMERS

offices in Amman.

heating and garden.

\$100,000. Guenthardt's prize was \$32,000.

Wilander, Sundstroem to meet in

8AASTAD. Sweden (R1 - Top seed Mats Wilander and fellow

Swede Henrik Sundstroem Sunday qualified for Monday final of the

Wilander, the French Open champion, defeated Argentina's Gus-

tavo Tiberti 7-6. 6-3, winning a first set tie breaker 7-2, while

Sunderstroem easily disposed of another Swede. Thomas Hoegstedt,

Simonsson beat Wilander and Joakim Nystroem 11-6, 6-2, 7-6,

Clerc clinches \$300,000 WCT tourney

In an all-Swedish men's doubles final Anders Jaerrid and Hans

ZELL AM SEE (Rt - Jose-Luis Clerc of Argentina, the top seed.

won the \$300,000 World Championship Tennis (WCT) tournament

here Sunday by beating unseeded Heinz Guenthardt of Switzerland

In a two-hour match interrupted twice by heavy rain, the Argen-

However, Clerc piled on the pressure in the third and fourth sets

Clerc, ranked fifth in the world, received a winner's cheque for

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for his third successive tournament victory, after wins in Venice and

tine clay-court specialist swept through the hirst set without losing a

game but lost the second as his Swiss rival fought back gallantly.

Swedish Grand Prix tennis final

in Saturday night to replace the crack Soweto team Orlando Pirates, whose sudden withdrawal with two other Soweto black sides was a bitter blow to the tour

The boycott by the Sowetans came as Argentine World Cup players Osyaldo Ardiles and Mario Kempes flew off to Madrid after their clubs refused them permission to play in South Africa. Kempes plays for the Spanish team Valencia. and Ardiles is under contract to England's Tottenham Hotspur till July

statement explaining the withdrawal of the three Sowetan clubs, issued after they met anti-

the tourists of violating the rules of soccer's international controlling body FIFA, which expelled South Africa in 1976.

The President of the Football Council of South Africa. George Thabe, has called a council meeting for Monday to discuss the withdrawal and try to get the Pirates, the Kaizer Chiefs and Moroko Swallows to change their

All three sides have many tans among Soweth's estimated one million blacks and there is no doubt the poor turnout at Sunday's match added to the gloom

among tour organisers. Soviets win

2nd world

fencing title

ROME (R) - The Soviet Union

won its second individual foil title

in the World Fencing Champ-

ionships Saturday night when Nailia Giliazova beat Italian Dorina Vaccaroni 8-6 in extra

The hard-fought final stood at

7-5 at the end of regular time, but

Giliazova maintained her winning

margin on the resumption to

record a second Soviet victory

after Alexandre Romankov won

the men's individual title Saturday

Giliazova had a psychological

advantage over Vaccaronl, having

beaten the Italian girl 8-7 in the

second round earlier in the even-

The Soviet girl went on to

trounce West German Cornelia

Hanisch 8-2 in the third round.

allowing Brigitte Gaudin of France

only one point in the quarter-final

and defeating Mandy Niklaus of

East Germany 8-5 in the semi-

Vaccaroni burst into tears after

her second-round defeat by

Giliazova, who despite the narrow

scoreline never looked threatened

but fought back tenaciously in the

Repechage competition which gives

all defeated athletes a second

The early pace in the race, the climax of a match between England. Spain. Kenya and Japan. was set by Mike Boit.

in 7:37.49.

Moorcroft came close to shat-

tering a second world record

number of the world's best middle

Crystal Palace here Saturday

Moorcroft, who clipped almost six seconds off the 5,000 metres

record in Oslo on July 7, ran a

blistering last lap in 54.4 seconds

to finish in seven minutes 32.79

seconds, just outside Kenyan

Henry Rono's world mark of

It was the second fastest 3.000

metres ever and broke the Euro-

pean record held by his friend Bri-

ton Brendan Foster by three sec-

Maree, a South African-born

runner who lives in the United

States, was second in 7:33.37, and

New Zealand's John Walker third

Boit a late replacement for fellow countryman Rono, took the his previous best.

LONDON (Rt — Britain's David field through 1,500 metres in 3:48.5. Moorcroft then took the lead which he held until the final 200 metres.

within 11 days when he beat a It was then that Maree made his distance men over 3,000 metres at challenge. He surprised Moorcroft on the outside to slip into the

> But 29-year-old Moorcroft was far from finished. Spurred on by a capacity 17,000 crowd he kicked decisinely out of the final bend and this time Maree had no answer to

> Moorcroft said later: "It was much more of a race than my run in Oslo. I was up against five great runners and I was conscious of them breathing down my neck."

World 1.500 metres record holder Steve Ovett of Britain, still struggling to find his best form after a six months lay-off because of injury_struggled in 10th and his great American rival Steve Scott

could do not better than fifth. Earlier England's Steve Cram cruised to an impressive victory in the 800 metres in 1:44.45, the lastest time in the world this year and nearly two seconds quicker than

Moore batters Kalule, retains WBA junior title

ATLANTIC CITY. New Jersey (RI - Davey Moore, nursing a badly cut eye, battered Ugandan-born Ayub Kalule in deleat with a barrage of 2ft punches to the head Saturday night to retain his World Boxing Association | WBAt junior middleweight title.

The referee supped the light as 2:58 in the 11th round after Kalule, a former title holder, was unable to find a punch to fend off he blows.

Moore, a 23-year-old New Yorker appearing in his 11th prolessional fight, pummelled Kalule with head and body shots despite a badly cut and nearly closed left

Kalule, who fights out of Denmark, opened up in the first three rounds with a punishing body attack while Moore kept missing with his combinations.

Moore round his timing in the third round and started getting in with his combinations as he raked the head and body of the chal-

In the middle rounds Kalule, a southpaw, continued to press the champion, mixing up his attack to the head and body. But Moore countered with uppercuis, hooks and right-hand leads to the challenger's face and body.

Kalule, whose record is now 411-2 with 19 knockouts, lost his title on June 25, 1981, when Sugar Ray Leonard stopped him in the ninth round at i loustan.

Moore, undeleated as a professional with eight knockouts in 11 victories, won the title in Febman when he stopped Tadashi Miliara in Tokyo, Japan, Mnnre knocked Mihara down once in the fifth and three more times sixth before the light was sunped.

In his first title defence in Johannesburg, Snuth Africa, on April 26, Moore dropped challenger Charlie Weir five times before the referee stopped the

fight in the fifth round.

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Lauda romps to unchallenged triumph in British Grand Prix

BRANDS HATCH, England (R) - Niki Lauda underlined his splendid comchack by romping to an unchallenged victory in the British Grand Prix motor race

here Sunday.

The 33-year-old Austrian, who returned to Formula One this season after a two-year retirement. now has a line chance of lifting the World Championship for the third

The nine points Lauda gained from his second Grand Prix sixcess for McLaren this year--he also won at Long Beach in April--took him from seventh to

third place in the title hattle. Ahead of Landa, who claimed the crown in 1975 and 1977--and was almost killed at West Germany's notorious Nucrburgring

man Didier Pironi and Britain's John Watson.

Pironi swept to the top of the drivers' standings by tinishing runner-up, almost 26 seconds adritt of Landa in his Ferrari.

Unlucky Watson, the pre-race championship leader by one point from Pironi, dropped out attempting to avoid two colliding cars with unly two laps of the 76-lap (319,67 km.) event completed. He slid off the track and said he could not restart his McLaren.

With six races remaining, Ptroni leads the championship with 35 points followed by Watson (30) and Lauda (24). Pairick Tambay, who joined the

l'errari stable as a replacement for Canadian Gilles Villeneuve, killed at the Belgian Grand Prix, circuit in between--are Frenchsnatched third place beltind his

Tanthay shot past the Latus at Italy's Elio de Angelis in a thrilling last-lap duel with the Williams of Ireland's Detek Daly and Renault of Frenchman Alam Prost disputing litth and sixth

Daly was credited with titth posthem and Prost south in the blanker

Launda went to the front on the tilith lap in his McLaren when innal pacesetter, reigning chainpion Nelson Piquet of Brazil, ground in a halt in his Brabbant, apparently with engine tailure.

I from then on there was no stopping the shrewdest driver in Formula One. The Austrian ace soon opened up a healthy gap overtus rivals and coully maintained the advantage to the tinish.

American Tom Watson wins British Open Golf Championship

TROON, Scotland (R) - Tom Watson became only the second American to win four British Open Golf Championships when he won the 1982 title by one stroke Sinday.

Watson, fifth at the start of the day, had a steady two-under-par 711 Sunday to total 284 for the four-mund championship.

South African Nick Price, second overnight behind American Bobby Clampett, provided the only real opposition. But he faltered with four holes to go. finishing with 73 to share second place with Britain's Peter

Osterbuis on 285. The title was worth £32,000 (\$55,0001) to Watson while Price and Oosterhuis, who shot a 71t Sunday, each collected £19,300

"I'm very pleased to be champion again but I feel very sorry for Nick Price." Watson said.

The legendary Walter Hagen is the only other American to have won four British Opens and Watson, 32, also becomes only the lifth man to win the U.S. and British Open titles in the same year.

The other four, also Americans. were Lee Trevino in 1971. Ben Hogan in 1953. Gene Sarazen in 1932 and Bubby Jones in 1926 and 1930.

Price, 25, fought magnificently before faltering badly on the crucial final holes.

He led for most of the day, and though Watson snatched a onestroke lead with an eagle three at the 11th hole while Price bogeved the ninth, the South African

struck back and was soon three

shots in tront again.

But he dropped a shot on the 13th and then had a disastrons double-bogey six on the long patfour 15th to fall back into a tie with the American. At that stage Watson had

tinished his round with three successive pars and a foor-undertotal of 282 and Price needed three more pars to loree an 18-hole play-off Monday. But he dropped a strake on the

17th when he missed a xix-boot putt and needed to hole a 35-putt for a birdie on the 18th. The South Alrican's brave intempt tell an agonising hant short to leave him. stroke behind Watson.

Four men shared tourth place on 286 -- American Tom Putter, Japanese newcomer Masahiro Kuramoto, nick Faldo of Britain and Irishman Des Smyth.

Hinault powers his way to victory in 14th stage of tour

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de France Sunday and extend his overall lead to more than laur

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MARTIGUES, France 1Rt - The 27-year-old Frenchman placed Jan Van Honwelingen of Bernard Hinault of France put on covered the 32.5 km individual the Netherlands. a dazzling display of power eyeling time trial around this Rhone Delta to win the 14th stage of the Tour town in 45 minutes 11 seconds.

He kept the power on throughout the short stage and linished almost a minute up on second-

Hinault said Saturday after the 21-stage tour came out of the Pyrences innuntains that he would

be cantionally guarding his overall lead and not risking the race by attacking. But he clearly decided to take advantage of the time trial, when racers are not hindered by the

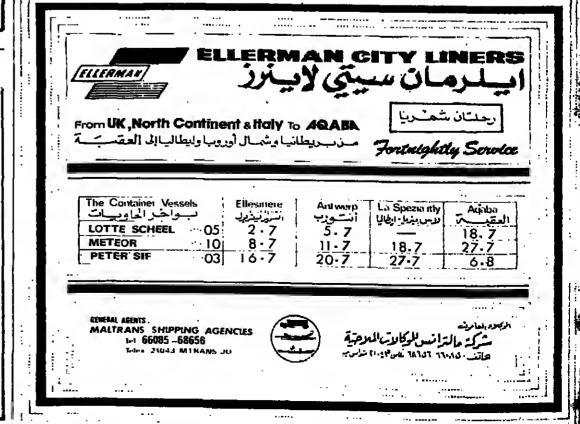
usual pack of some 150 rulers, to increase his lead. Many top riders had trouble

with a strong wind bliwing up from the nearby Viediterranean but Hmault, renounced for his strength and endurance, never let up his punishing pace.

APARTMENTS AND VILLAS

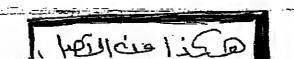
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U.K. train drivers end strike

LONDON (R) - Train drivers Sunday called off a strike which has crippled Britain's rail network for two weeks.

Mr. Ray Buckton, leader of the Associated Society of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen (ASLEF), told a news conference that the stoppage would end at midnight Sunday.

He said the strike could not succeed without the support of the whole trade unions movement and this support was not forthcoming. ASLEF's decision to call off the strike was a clear victory for Brit-

leading trade unionists made it clear that they did not support ASLEF's strike, which was called in protest against the introduction of more flexible work rosters.

The Trades Union Congress (TUC) Saturday produced a peace formula which was immediately accepted by BR. Under the formula ASLEF would have to accept the principle of the new rosters, already sent out to 71 rail

Political sources said trade

union bosses had not been willing It came the day after Britain's to back ASLEF as this would have jeopardised the entire rail system and put thousands of jobs in dependent industries at risk.

> They said that BR had convinced the trade union leaders it was not prepared to back down on the issue of the new rosters.

The rosters are intended to make more efficient use of drivers' working time and cut back financial losses. The Conservative government has firmly backed BR in

S. Arabia may keep oil output, price unchanged

NICOSIA (R) — Saudi Arabia, the world's largest oil exporter, will probably keep its oil prices and production unchanged following the collapse this month of an OPEC agreement on output curbs to prop up prices, the Middle East Economic Survey (MEES) said Sunday.

But the Nicosia-based trade weekly added that no decision was expected before the Muslim fasting month of Ramadan ends on

Iran and Libya demanded the kingdom would demonstrate

higher output quotas within an existing OPEC (Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries) overall ceiling of 17.5 million barreis daily. They wanted Saudi Arabia to reduce its production to accommodate their extra output.

MEES said that despite the break-up of the OPEC talks in Vienna on July 10 and Saudi Arabia's subsequent position that it could adjust its prices and output as it liked, it was unlikely that

boosting production.

According to MEES, Saudi Arabia had two alternatives: To keep its price unchanged at \$34 a barrel and maintain its seven million barrels daily output ceiling, or to make a token price cut of perhaps 50 cents a barrel.

The first alternative was the "most likely and preferred scenario," said MEES. The second would be ineffective and could trigger a price war.

Britain 'to relax sanctions against Argentina'

stay afloat.

LONDON (R) - The British government will soon relax the economic sanctions it imposed on Argentina during the conflict over the Falkland Islands, political

banking industry is undergoing

severe strains, but bankers are .

confident they can weather the

storms that have blown up on both

Recently, financial markets

have been buffeted almost daily

by rumours of an impending bank

collapse to add to the problems

caused by threats of defaults on

huge loans by Poland, other East-

ern Bloc countries and Latin

But Reuter correspondents.

report that while some bankers in

North America and Europe are

jittery over the latest mis-

adventures to beset the industry,

most of them are confident that

the rash of scandals, shaky debts

and bankruptcies can be con-

Last week the relatively

unknown Penn Square Bank in

Oklahoma, heavily involved in

funding oil exploration, sent

shudders through world financial

markets when it said its loan

partfolio was riddled with losses,

THE BETTER HALF

sides of the Atlantic.

America.

tained.

which Britain declared closed to Argentine ships and planes will be sources said.

clear. It has been forced to close

Because it sold much of the

loans to others, including some

leading American banks such as

Continental Illimois of Chicago, its

problems caused fears of a severe

This compounded the problems

for the U.S. banking industry

which had to deal earlier this year

with some \$300 million in debts

left by Drysdale Government Securities, a New York brokerage

firm that traded U.S. treasury sec-

the head of Italy's biggest private

bank, Banco Ambrosiano, with

links to the Vatican and extensive

interests in Latin America, the

Caribbean and elsewhere, was

found hanging from a London

after police launched an inves-

tigation of the bank and its over-

As the price of bank shares

By Vinson

He had disappeared from Italy

bridge last month.

seas operations.

And in Europe, Roberto Calvi.

credit squeeze.

sources said Sunday. The bloc-

kade zone around the islands

reduced in size, and restrictions on trade with and investment in Argentina will be eased, the

tumbled on stock markets. rumours spread that Poland, with \$27 billion in debts, would unilaterally declare itself bankrupt, and AEG-Telefunken, the West German electrical goods maker, was desperately seeking a way to

However, bankers surveyed by Reuter correspondents felt that none of these problems was enough to threaten the tight-knit web of the global financial system and plunge the world into a deeper recession. Even in Rome, where the

Ambrosiano affair has rocked the country, Italian bankers shifting through the scandal said they doubted it would cause much mage beyond Italy's borders.

The central bank and major Italian commercial banks are still working out the details of a rescue plan, but they think they can avoid a repeat of the collapse in 1974 of the Michele Sindona banking empire that sent shock waves throughout the banking world.

Ambrosiano's involvement in overseas operations and its links with the Vatican bank give the scandal international implications, but the bankers said it would not cause any world liquid-

In Frankfurt, where West German banks are saddled with deep involvement in the Polish debt issue and the rescue of AEG, most bankers said the current turmoil would not permanently damage the system but would lead to more

stocks of components.

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cutting tool is automatically selected for the task in

hand. Each machine has its own auxiliary tool

They admitted that the failure of Penn Square Bank, the cash crunch at AEG-Telefunken, the threat of a Polish loan default and the lingering questions over Drysdale Government Securities made them more nervous than

To these problems were added a tight domestic money market in Federal Reserve Board would hold tight in the United States and keep interest rates high.

Mr. Hans Friderichs, chief spokesman for Dresdner Bank and former West German economics minister, said recently that he doubted world economic problems alone would cause international capital markets to collapse.

But Mr. Friderichs said that adding political problems to the strained economic situation could

prove more dangerous, an allusion to trade disputes between Europe and the United States and Washington's use of economic sanctions against Moscow.

Mr. Klaus Wieners, chief economist at Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale, said that fears expressed in the markets. although exaggerated, could have positive effects.

"These rumours should drive home to bankers that something could happen if they don't watch out," he said.

Mr. Wieners saw little real danger for the West German banking system because limits on bank holdings of foreign exchange would prevent a repeat of the problem that led to the collapse of .the Herstatt Bank eight years ago. which sparked a crisis in European financial circles.

"The transparency of the system is greater now, and therefore so is the trust," he said.

In Zurich, Swiss bankers commented that while the markets had been unsettled by recent events, they have since calmed down, a sign that confidence has been

But Swiss bankers expect that

Banking industry can weather crises despite severe strains the Polish loan issue will continue to be a worry and say Austrian banks, which proportionately have lent the most money, to be worst hit in the event of a moratorium by Warsaw on repayments. They would be fol-

lowed, to a lesser extent, by West

storage system, allowing any noe of 80 different

tools to be robot selected from carousels and placed

into the required turret position - each turret

Both machining centres share the input of work

and are linked to computers programmed to allow

a wide range of complex machining operations.

Blank workpieces for component manufacture are

fed into the machines from a four-station rotating

German banks.

being able to perform an X,Y and Z axes.

pallet. (LPS photo)

The major Swiss lenders to Poland would not be seriously over-taxed by a default, they said, since they had already made provisions for a potential loss.

They saw some encouraging

signs on other problems. The Swiss cited the rescue operation being put together for Banco Ambrosiano and the belief that a ackage could also be worked out to save AEG as two plus signs.

In London, bankers felt that the major British banks were relatively better insulated than their overseas rivals because of significantly stronger financial pos-

Their loan portfolios were also much more broadly spread than regional U.S. and Canadian banks, for instance, which dealt with the oil industry or a similarly small range of borrowers.

FORECAST FOR MONDAY, JULY 19, 1982

YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A day to use your strong character and personality to eliminate problems and remove any antagonism directed toward you. Make necessary decisions and stick by them.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Forget a secret annoyance and engage in more important activities. Strive for better relations with associates. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Use your special charm

and gain your finest aims with others. Exercise more economy in business transactions. GEM1N1 (May 21 to June 21] Although you may feel ir-

ritated for personal reasons, don't let it interfere with regular routines. Take health treatments. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) It would be

wise to follow suggestions of higher-ups who are serious and level-headed. Keep poised. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Go after personal aims in a

logical way and get excellent results. Keep calm when dealing with questionable characters.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) You are now able to get the backing of an influential person. Engage in civic work

that brings out your best talent. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Handle business duties early in the day for best results. Take a more active part in a

group affair in the evening. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) You have to use tact with an associate to get the results you want. Strive to be

more successful in career activities. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Thia is a good day to make plans to have greater abundance in the future.

Avoid one who wants to waste your time. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Make joint plans with associates to have greater production in the days

ahead. Show increased devotion to loved one. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Don't make any comments on the job that could atir up trouble. Put your

talents to work and get fina results. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Instead of finding fault

with an opponent, get busy perfecting own affairs. Show higher-ups that you have wisdom. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she must

be controlled early in life, or there could be a tendency to get into troublesome situations. There could be much success in this chart if a good education is provided. Be sure to give ethical training early in life.

'The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make nf your life is largely up to you!

THE Daily Crossword by Judson G. Trent

36 Regal Norse

40 Knots

42 Star In

45 Early

47 Lika a

Lyra Incites

46 Hydrocarbon

endings

proceedings 38 Old German 13 Nimbus coin

54 Quencher

63 TV adjunct

67 Both: pref.

69 Other: Sp.

71 Musical

72 Lear

70 Beechnuts

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DOWN

2 Scoria

- Downs

Waar away

53 Wound cover 24 Legislator

press lord

Croatian

territory

neighbor 30 Palindrome

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37 Miles and

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28 Detensa

29 Nepal

Peanuts



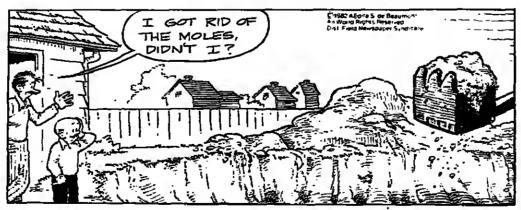
NOW. AS WE MARCH ALONG, IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS, JUST SPEAK RIGHT UP.





Mutt 'n' Jeff





Andy Capp





25 Slight 27 Balneation 51 Iliad, e.g. Yasterday's Puzzle Solved:

ACROSS

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4 Places tor

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19 Basket

conductors

16 Maleficence

17 Fartrom a

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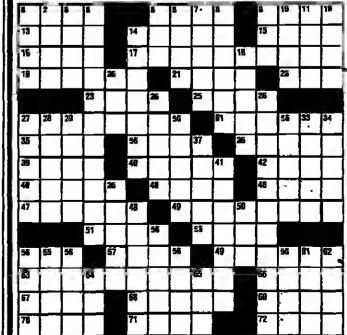
23 Volstead

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5 Slipper 9 Judicial

marquis 49 Old German 3 Arabic Ralston letter Caustic wit 4 Crude sound of approval comb. form 5 French 48 Waight watcher ргопоци 50 Chin herbs 7 Golf 52 Kind of papar 54 Khachatu-COURSES a Relieving 9 Racket woo 55 Priest 10 Peal, as in 29D 11 Pol source 58 Bulk 60 Poker money 12 Pinnacie 61 Bruce of group 18 Jet 62 QED word Comparative



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LONDON (R) — The world the extent of which is still not

be losing hair and teeth, but you're gaining weight and wrinkles."

JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Henri Arrold and Bob Lee Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four sidinary words. DA! GE GORUME GREAT OVEN MIGHT PRODUCE MOST OF THIS.

CANVAT Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sugpeated by the above cartoon.

(Answers tomorrow) Jumbles: RUSTY POACH JAGUAR INDUCE Answer: What people who cut you short on the phone syldently have—HANG-UPS

WORLD

Bolivian junta turns down PLO delegates attend Nicosia meeting new bidder for leadership

LA PAZ (R) - Bolivia's political crisis deepened Sunday after the military high command rejected a bid by Col. Faustino Rico Toro to make himself president in place of Gen. Celso Torrelio.

The commander-in-chief of the armed forces and the commanders-in-chief of the army. navy and air force issued a communique last night rejecting Col. Rico Toro's bid for the presidency and describing his attitude as sub-

Col. Rico Toro told reporters Saturday that he had the solid backing of the army to take over the presidency and supervise a

rapid return to democracy. The communique endorsed President Torrelio's own announcement on Friday that elections and a return to democratic rule would take place next year and confirmed earlier reports that the president had submitted

his resignation verbally. The political position of Col.

Faustino Rico Toro, made public Sunday, does not represent the feeling of the armed forces," the communique said.

It added the colonel's position represented a "typically subversive attitude" aimed at thwarting the process of a return to constitutional rule initiated by President Torrelio by mandate of the armed forces.

'In due course'

The communique said the high command was considering President Torrelio's resignation and would make an announcement on the issue in due course.

It warned that his stepping down should not serve as a pretext for any military officer to adopt positions contrary to armed forces regulations or to act in defiance of

the chain of command. Police chiefs issued a separate statement saying that following the high command's communique, police security was being tight-

ened throughout the country. Col. Rico Toro, who is head of the military academy in La Paz. could not immediately be reached for comment.

Yesterday the colonel said it was up to senior military commanders to resolve Bolivia's present political criais

But he warned that if he were not made president in place of Gen. Torrelio. the army would withdraw from the government, leaving administration in the hands of the navy and air force.

Col. Rico Toro also said that army commanders meeting on Wednesday had demanded the resignation of Gen. Torrelio and the appointment of himself as



Sidon refugees return to their camps

tap here, a shoe there.

On a recent tour of Ain Al

Helwe, girls in colourful Pales-

timian dress could be seen going

through the rubble of their homes

with pickaxes, retrieving a water

icipality crushed the debris of 35

years' existence into neat piles to

empty of young men. Those who

did not flee before the Israeli

advance are being held in deten-

tioo camps in South Lebanon or

Israel as commando suspects,

though some are beginning to

Nowhere to go

Reporters' questions were met

with a mixture of confusioo and

hostility. One old man said: "They

have destroyed my house and

taken my soos. What can I do

replied: "We have nowhere to go.

This is our only home".

Asked where he would go, he

Israel's invasion has opeoed a the refugees.

return.

now?

clear the camp's main street.

Bulldozers from the Sidon Mun-

Farouk Kaddoumi, (left), head of the Political Department of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and another Palestinian delegate, Abdelattif Abuheedsh (right) listen to speeches

By Alan Philps

SIDON. Lebanon 1—1 Thousands

of Palestinian refugees, shunned

by the people of South Lebanon.

are returning to live in the rubble

of their devastated camps outside

The sprawling Ain Al Helwe

camp was flattened by a five-day

bombardment at the start of

Israel's invasion of Lebanoo on

Many of the estimated 50,000

June 6 and virtually abandoned.

to 70,000 refugees set up

makeshift homes in shell-battered

apartment blocks in Sidon but

now they are being asked to go

Local residents say loudspeaker

ans toured the city last week cal-

ling on the squatters to return to

Ain Al Helwe, home for many of

them since they fled the newly-established state of Israel in 1948.

As many as 10,000 Palestinians

are oow back in the camp, sleeping

in the open or io odd surviving

this biblical port city.

back to the camp.

during the non-aligned ministerial extraordinary meeting on the Lebanese crisis which went into its third day here Saturday. (A.P. radiophoto)

new chapter in the Palestinians'

tale of woe but foreign aid officials

both in Sidon and in Beirut, 6th

kilometres to the North, say their

Central Committee, a U.S. Pro-

testant Church group that has

already given some aid to the

Palestinians, said; "The real

Palestinian families, who are

mostly lacking their bread-

winners, are currently living off

their saviogs, he said. But food

prices are rising and better shelter

will be oeeded when winter

Mr. Miller is one of the few fore-

ign aid officers who stayed in the Sidon area throughout the iova-

sion, spending four days in an

underground shelter during the

worst of the fighting.

He said a further cause for con-

cern is the growing enmity felt by

the people of South Lebanon for

The refugee camp is now almost crunch is coming at the end of Sep-mpty of young men. Those who tember when the weather begins

to get colder."

Ralph Miller, of the Mennonite

problems are just beginning.

Buckingham prowler says queen's security diabolical

appeal for help.

subjects...'

palace.

Singapore gives cool reception

to Hanoi envoy upon arrival

Please carry on .

(formerly Saigon).

Fagan said the queen arched a

But official sources here said

the pullout would be meaningless

unless it were linked with eventual

removal of all Vietnamese troops.

Thach's suggestion of a "safety

They also dismissed Mr.

royal eyebrow at him and looked

at him very closely. He added: "I

LONDON (R) - A prowler who climbed a Buckingham Palace drain pipe to slip into Queen Elizabeth's bedroom was quoted Sunday as telling her: "Your security here is diabolical."

The mass-circulatioo News of the World reported under a front-page headline "My chat with her majesty" that intruder Michael Fagan sat oo the queeo's bed in the early hours of the morning pouring out his domestic troubles while she sat listening propped up on pillows.

The palace break-io nine days ago has caused a major political row in Britain and a security shake-up at the queen's official London residence

Press accounts have spoken of alarm bells that did not work or being switched off, police guards slipping away for tea breaks and even paddling to the royal goldfish pools, footmen away from their usual posts exercising the toyal Corgi dogs, and delay in respond-

SINGAPORE (R) — Vietnamese

Foreign Minister Nguyen Co

Thach arrived in Siogapore Sun-

day to a low-key welcome and

declared: "My visit is for peace.

stability, cooperation and friend-

His visit marks the beginning of

a Southeast Asian tour aiming to

find a solution to the Kampuchean

Foreign Minister Suppiah

Dhanabalan, who invited Mr.

Thach to Singapore, was not on

hand to welcome Mr. Thach and

was represented only by a junior

official, but the two men are to

meet for formal talks and a private

Singapore has taken a tough

stand against the Vietnamese

military occupation of Kam-

puchea and has been cool and

cautious towards a recent offer by

Hanoi to withdraw a significant

number of the estimated 180,000

Vietnamese troops in Kam-

The official Vietnam News

Agency said on the eve of Mr.

Thach's tour that six army units

had begun to withdraw from

Kampuchea. This was in line with

a communique issued by the fore-

ign ministers of Vietnam. Kam-

puchea and Laos at a meeting 10 days ago in Ho Chi Minh City

BY CHARLES H. GOREN

& 1982 Tribune Company Syndicate, Inc.

Q.1-As South, vulnerable,

♦AJ ♥AK7 ◊93 ♣KQJ652

The bidding has proceeded:

South West North East

1 ♣ Pass 1 ♦ Pasa

Q.2-Both vulnerable, aa

◆AK3 ♥AKQJ93 ↑8 ◆KJ6

Pass 2 NT 3 O

The bidding has proceeded:

South West North East

What action do you take?

Q.3-As South, vulnerable,

♦KQJ5 ♡A ♦954 ♣KQ952

Pass 3 4 Pass

The bidding has proceeded:

South West North East

1 ♣ Pass 1 ♦ Pasa

What do you bid now?

South you hold:

you bold:

you hold:.

GOREN BRIDGE

lunch Monday.

puchea.

Taiwan lobby ing to the queen's telephone

The News of the World quoted Fagan's sister. Mrs. Margaret Tomlin, as saying he told her in the Londoo jail where he is being held that he padded barefoot into the royal bedchamber on the first floor of the palace, sat on her bed pro-Taiwan lobby. and announced: "I'm one of your

Fagan said: "The queen looked astonished...but she wasn't nervous or worried. She told me; He said after spending some minutes relating his family prob-

implemented policy in practice. lems "I told her how easy it had The official commentary conbeen for me to get into the centrated most of its fire on the conservative pro-Taiwan Secator Barry Goldwater.

sabotaged if the views held by felt I had nothing to lose so I said: Goldwater and his ilk prevail," it "I think you ought to do some-

Respooding to questions from Mr. Goldwater last Wednesday. Mr. Shultz said he would recommend to Presideot Reagan that he act promptly to supply new fighter aircraft to Taiwan despite sharp warnings from Peking against

China warns Shultz against

PEKING (R) - China warned U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz Sunday that the Reagan administration would sabotage Sino-U.S. relatioos if it bowed to pressure from Washington's

In the first detailed official reaction to his appointment, the People's Daily made it clear that Peking, though taken aback by some of his comments, would reserve judgment until it saw how he

"Sino-U.S. relations would be

further arms sales.

more aid to Nicaragua

zone" along the Thai-Kampuchean border but appeared keen to hear his views on an international conference on Mr. Thach has suggested that such a conference should include what he called U.S. aggression.

the five permanent members of the U.N. security council as well as Southeast Asian countries interested in the issue. The sources said they did not

on July 19. expect any sudden breakthrough following Mr. Thach's visit but the exchanges could provide some indication of the latest thinking on Kampuchea by Vietnam and its main ally, the Soviet Union.

Mr. Thach said he would make a statement before leaving on Wednesday for the Burmese capital. Rangoon.

lic will also be visiting Malaysia and Thailand during his current tour and will go later to Indonesia and the Philippines, which, with Singapore, make up the Association of Southeast Asian Nations

What do you bid now?

South you hold:

you hold:

Q.4-Both vulnerable, as

♦65 ♥1096 ♦AQJ82 ♣A73

The bidding has proceeded:

West North East South

Q.5-As South, vulnerable,

♦AK72 ♥KJ107 ♦6 **♦K982**

The bidding has proceeded:

East South Weet North

1 ♦ Dble Pasa 1 ♡

What action do you take?

Q.6-Both vulnerable, as

♦4 ♥KQ1083 ♦KJ9852 **♦**7

The bidding has proceeded:

North East South West

1 ♦ 1 ♦ 2 ♥ 2 ♦

What do you bid now?

South you bold:

3 4 Pass ?

1 ♦ 2 ♥ Pasa ?

What do you bid now?

Castro promises

MANAGUA (R) - Cuban leader Fidel Castro has promised to continue backing Nicaragua's leftist government in the face of

"The people and government of Cuba will never fail you," Dr. Castro said in a letter sent to the Nicaraguan revolutionary junta for its third anniversary in power

But Dr. Castro made no mention of Cuban military assistance, even though his letter said Nicaragua was suffering from raids by Rightist guerrillas backed by the United States.

Nicaragua's Sandinist authorities say these attacks have intensified during the past few days with an invasion of the country by "counter-revolutionary military units."

London bomb may signal start of gang war LONDON (R) — At least seven in the burning basement.

people died when two explosions and a fire ripped through a Chinese gambling den in the heart of London early Suoday and police said it looked like an outbreak of gang warfare.

The first explosion, thought to have been started by a petrol bomb, tore through the basement Soho Chinatown after police were

called to settle a fight.

A police spokesman said a doc-

tor donned breathing apparatus and dragged out a dying Chinese man, and added; "It is on the basis of his information that we believe seven people have died. But there may be other bodies in there."

Police said they believed the explosions were the result of an club in Gerrard Street in the city's underground feud between two rival secret societies. They added they were anxious to interview a Two policemen were seriously group of Chinese men seen in a injured and a fireman was hurt red car outside the club just before when a second explosion occurred the first explosion.

Two hours after the blast police said the building was still burning fiercely. "We believe there are six other bodies in there." a spokesman said.

The explosion occurred after police were called to the club because of a report of a fight.

"When they got there it was all quiet but later we were called back because of an explosion and fire, the spokesman said."There was a second explosion while police and firemen were at the scene.'

Seychelles joins Diego Garcia campaign

The Seychelles has thrown its the Indian Ocean. weight behind Mauritius's campaigo for the return of Diego Garcia Atoll which Britain leases to the United States as a military base.

Visiting Seychelles President Albert Rene said in a speech here Saturday night his government would support the newly-elected left-wing Mauritian government's campaign for the return of Diego

PORT LOUIS, Mauritius (R) — Garcia and the demilitarisation of

"Seychelles will do all it can to uphold the sovereignty of Mauritius over Diego Garcia. It will use all its diplomatic insight to work towards the dismantling of the U.S. base in Diego Garcia." he

Britain retained control of the Chagos Archipelago, which includes Diego Garcia, when Mauritius became independent from Britain in 1968.

President Rene is the first head of state to visit Mauritius since a left-wing coalition won every directly-elected seat in general elections last month.

Mauritian Prime Minister Aneerood Jugnauth said talks had started on an Indian Ocean commission to promote cooperation between Seychelles, Mauritius and Madagascar.

Marcos says rebels want attention

MANILA (R) -- President Ferdinand Marcos said Simday Muslim rebels were intensifying activities in the Southern Philippines to gain attention and support from the Islamic Conference Organisation which meets in Niger next month.

He said the Moro National Liberation Front (MNLF), which has been waging a secessionist campaign in predominantly Catholic Philippines, was racked internally by a leadership struggle and many of its men have surrendered.

Ugandan troops destroy 3 guerrilla camps

NAIROBI (R) - Uganda gov ernment troops have destroyed three guerrilla camps in the Mpigi district, 40 kilometres southwest of Kampala, Radin Uganda reported Sunday.

The radio said local journalists who visited the area were shown arms, ammunition, equipment and other items captured by government forces. It made no mention of any guerrillas being captured.

Interior Minister John Luwnliza-Kirunda said recent attacks in the Kampala area were the work of handits who had been driven from surrounding areas.

Soviets jail 2 peace movement leaders

MOSCOW (R) -- Two members of an independent Soviet peace movement have been sentenced to 15 days detention to keep them away from an officially-sponsored international peace march, friends said Sunday. Yuri Medvedkov, 54, and Yuri

Chrocopulo, 47, were detained on Friday before they were due to meet western correspondents and sentenced to 15 days on a charge of hooliganism, the friends said.

They described the charge against Mr. Medvedkov, a geographer who has worked for the World Health Organisation (WHO) abroad, and Mr. Khronopulo, a physicist, as fab-

Civil marriage becomes legal in Greece

unanimous vote in parliament six weeks ago. Politicians across a wide spectrum hailed it as a major social reform, while reactions by the church ranged from resignation to outright hostility.

Begin's government said its inva-

sion of Lebanon was originally

launched to clear a 40-kilometre

security cordon north of the Israeli

The Israelis charged that the

camps. particularly Rashidiyeh.

were being used as Palestine Lib-

cration Organisation (PLO) bases

from which to attack northern

They have shown off a school in

South Lehannn previously run by

border.

ATHENS (R) - Civil marriages became legal Sunday for the first time in modern Greek history. dealing a blow to the once allpowerful Orthodox Church. Until now, the 97 per cent of

Greeks who are nominally Orthodox have been able to marry only at colourful ceremonies in the country's Myriad Byzantine-style churches.

The change followed a near-

Israelis prepare for a winter in Lebanon By Jeremy Clift and helicopters can fly in.

ANSAR, Lebanon — The barbed wire fence is still going up round Israel's new detention camp for captured Palestinian commandos in the rolling hills of South Leba-

A giant yellow bulldozer pushes us the final section of an earthwork perimeter rampart which hides the detention compound from a small pot-holed public mad. Steel watch-towers are sited at

regular intervals round the camp, surrounded by a new chalk road, are lights and two fences. Guards sit around in groups while a batch of blindfolded pris-

oners is brought in my truck. The only stone structure is the camp headquarters, a small requisitioned Lebanese farm house. The cows are still in the

next-door barn. But the new camp is one of a series of indications that larael is gearing up for an extended stay in South Lebanon, possibly through the winter.

Down the road, a dirt airstrip has been tarmaced, widened and fitted with landing lights so that C-130 Hercules transport planes

Tel Aviv is just 30 minutes away by air for casualties being ferried out or soldiers taking time off.

The camp, the airstrip and a nearby field hospital form the nucleus of the beginnings of an Israeli base in what before the invasion of South Lebanon was a heartland for commando operations in the At a briefing in Tel Aviv for

Israeli military correspondents last week. Deputy Chief of Staff Gen. Moshe Levi said the Israeli army was preparing for a winter He said the Israelis were build-

ing new roads and erecting buildings. Warm winter clothes were being prepared in case the army had to stay on. The Israeli cabinet has agreed

to a defence ministry request to extend the three-year period of compulsory army service for all male soliders by three mouths. Large numbers of women soldiers (Rashidiyeh near Tyre and Am have also had their service. Hilwe outside Sidon, have been

The increased time reservists will have to stay in uniform has resulted in unprecedented criticism of the war in Israel, although opinion polls show that most Israelia still back the oper-

While the Bulldozers are constructing the detention camp at Ansar, west of the inland market town of Nabatiyeh, for the thousands of commandos captured in the war, thousands of Palestinian refugees in the south face an uncertain future with their

Life in the South Lebanese towns of Tyre and Sidon, both badly damaged by Israeli air strikes, is gradually returning to what passes for normal as the

homes wrecked in the conflict.

Life for civilians

NEWS ANALYSIS Israelis prepare to extend their occupation if negotiations in

Beirut drag on. But the Palestinian refugees, housed in camps outside the towns, are still stunned by the

invasion. Two of six camps in the South,

Ain Hilwe is still off-limits to foreign reporters more than one month after it was overrun in the Israeli advance towards Beirut.

devastated in the fighting.

But an Israeli reporter who viaited it wrote in the Jerusalem Post

that the camp had been systematically flattened.

Some refugees, mostly women and children, have crept back into the outskirts of Ain Hilwe and Rashidiyeh. living in the empty shells of half-destroyed homes. Lt. Col. Samuel Zachi, the

Israeli military spokesman in Sidon, aays Ain Hilwe once housed around 25,000 refugees. Many of them are now camping in unfinished buildings or schools in

Others have been taken in at other camps, particularly Mive Ou Miye camp, in the hills east of the But Col. Zachi says that this ia

only a temporary solution. "Soon the schools will be needed for teaching when the academic year starts in September," he says. Asked how he favoured dealing

But other Israel officials say privately they would prefer the Palestinian refugees to leave the

Prime Minister Menachem

Israeli-occupied zone and go Begin's 'explanation'

the United Nations Relicf and Works Agency (UNRWA), said by the Israelis to have been used as a commando training centre. The Israelis are playing down

the refugee problem. Col. Zachi says that according to his figures. there are only around 60,000 Palestinian refugees in the area under Israeli control. This is about half the estimate of Lebanese offi-

"For their cordon sanitaire they would prefer it if there weren't any at all," said a foreign diplomat in Tel Aviv.

"The Israelis certainly aren' going to encourage the growth of the camps and if the PLO leaves Beirut, the refugees in the south are going to be the next problem."

MIDDLE **EAST** NEWS **BRIEFS**

Pope prays for M.E. war victims

CASTEL GANDOLFO little (R) — Pope John Paul urger 6, (100) pilgrims Bucking the square of his suntmer residence today to pray for the victims of the Gut war between Iran and Iraq and of the war in Lebanon. During he first Sunday Angelus here the Summer, the pope said: "Let us remember the sufferings of the people of Beirnt, besieged inrac. eral weeks, with frequent bonbardments and deprived al neces-sities. Let us pray to the Lord for the intercession of Maria to allewate so much pain and to console those who are in anguish and danger."

Numeiri visits Jeddah

ALEXANDRIA, Egypt (R) Sudanese President Jasfar Numeiri New to Saudi Arabia Saturday for talks with Saudi leaders on the latest Middle East developments. Asked whether his visit to Saudi Arabia was related to Egyptian President Hom Mubarak's recent call for an Ara stimmit. Mr. Numciri said the Egyptian initiative needed mon time to follow up than he would have in Saudi Arabia. Presiden Mubarak called on Thursday for meeting of Arab leaders to discust the Lebanese crisis, the Iraq-Ira war and the Somali-Ethiopia dispute. President Numeirs who has been in Egypt on a private visi for the past two weeks, is expected to spend two days in Saudi Arabia

Morocco to boycott next OAU meeting

RABAT (R) — Moroccan forcin Minister M hamed Boucetta w quoted as saying Saturday th necessary quorum of two-thitds member states will not attend th Organisation of African Unit (OAU) summit due to be held Tripoli next month. According to the Moroccan News Agenc MAP, Mr. Boucetta was speaking African countries, He referred to a possible boycott of the meeting by a number of states led by Morocco if the Saharan An Democratic Republic (SADR) proclaimed by the Polisario Front attends. Polisario guerrillas m fighting Morocco for control of the Western Sahara. Libyan Fors ign Minister Abdelati Obeidi sai last week in Tunisia: "The SADI has no interest in being part of divided organisation. It is there fore possible that it will decide of its own accord not to come a Tripoli. Libya will not impose the SADR." In Addis Ababa last February the SADR was admitted as the 51at OAU member. But group of 19 states led by Moroco walked out in protest against the decision. Mr. Boucetta said Saturday that certain African states which were hesitating "are not convinced and consequently the necessary quorum (of 34 states) will not be reached for the summit in Tripoli."

U.S. based M.E. corporation changes corporate name

WASHINGTON (Agencies) = The Centre for U.S.-Europe Middle East Cooperation has changed its corporate name Centre for Middle East Policy. order to accommodate inclusion nf a Japanese dimension in the centre's broadened focus on the major industrial democracies and the Middle East. Centre President John Richardson explained. "W have been planning for some time to re-direct the centre's propramme to take account of Japan stake in a stable Middle East. which equals if not exceeds that of the United States and Western Europe. The centre's new name reflects the organisation's attention to U.S. Middle East policity and removes the previous sense restriction on the centre's work # the Atlantic Community alone

Dispute over tree kills 15 in Pakistan PESHAWAR, Pakistan (R) - A

dispute between two tribes over the cutting down of a pinc tree left t5 people dead and 12 wounded an official statement said Sunday It said the clash between the Azi Khel and Dawat Khel tribes about 160 kilometres northeast of Peshawar, broke out two days age after the tree was cut down. It gave no other details.

